SHEFFIELD
PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS 2024





## Sheffield Performance Analysis 2024

This analysis of educational performance in Sheffield has been developed in partnership between Learn Sheffield and Sheffield City Council.

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## Sheffield Performance Analysis 2024 Overview

- 1 Ofsted inspection judgements, benchmarking and trends
- Pupil characteristics & SEND
- 3 Attendance
- 4 Exclusions
- 5 Attainment & progress

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Last updated: January 2025 Next update: January 2026



### School Data: Ofsted (All Schools)

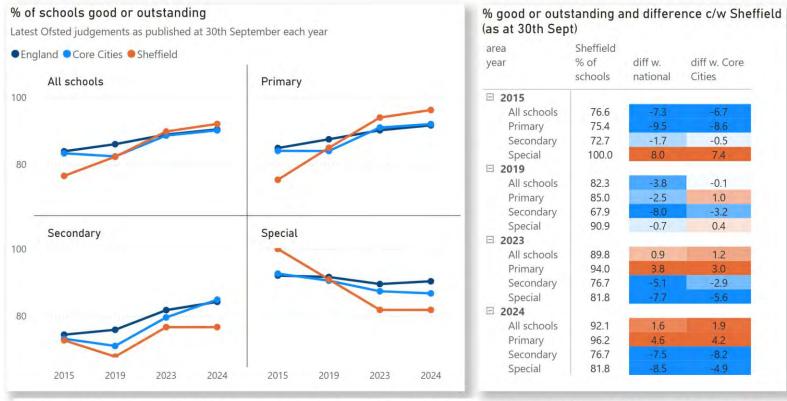
30/09/21	30/09/22	30/09/23	30/09/24
84.8	87.2	89.0	89.9
86.5	88.1	88.9	90.5
85.7	88.6	89.8	92.1
82.7	84.9	86.0	87.9
	84.8 86.5 85.7	84.8 87.2 86.5 88.1 85.7 88.6	86.5 88.1 88.9 85.7 88.6 89.8

- Sheffield finished the 2023/24 school year above national for the third consecutive year with more than 90% of schools good or outstanding for the first time.
- The 2023/24 year-end position (30 September 2024) is a further improvement on 2022/23 – Sheffield 92.1% (1.6% points above national and 2.2% points above Core Cities).
- For context, Sheffield was 9.8% points below national in September 2015.



### Ofsted judgements - % of schools good or outstanding

- In September 2024, Sheffield ranked 3rd out of 8 Core Cities and 69th nationally out of 153 LAs for the proportion of schools judged good or outstanding. Sheffield's national rank is in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quartile and significantly outperforms Sheffield's ranking for deprivation.
- The primary sector ranks highest amongst Core Cities and is in the top quartile nationally, whilst secondary and special are in the bottom quartile nationally and the bottom half of Core Cities.



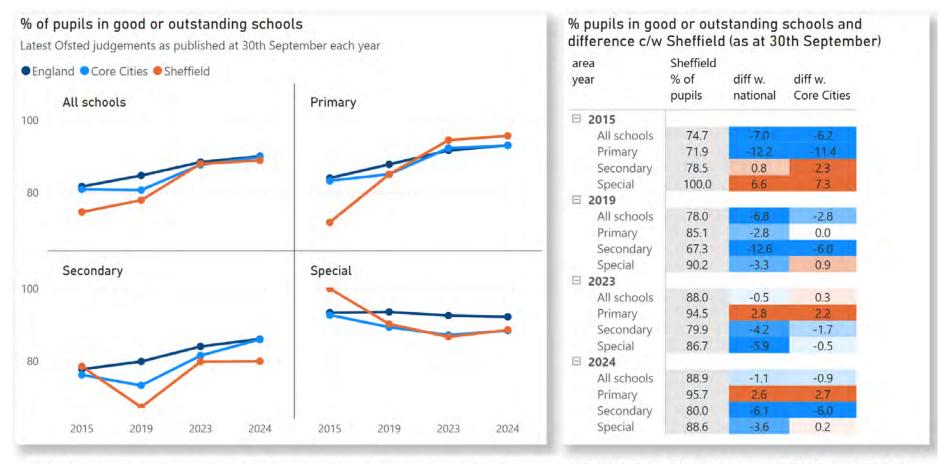
Note: the methodology for reporting Ofsted inspections changed between 2015 and 2019. Data from 2019 onwards includes latest judgements for all schools that
have ever received an inspection including academy converters. Previous data excluded judgements for schools that converted to sponsor led academies following
an inspection. The 2015 figures for % of schools judged good or outstanding would be lower than reported if all school judgements had been recorded.

yea	ar	national rank	Core Cities rank
	2015		
	All schools	136	8
	Primary	137	8
	Secondary	87	5
	Special	1	1
	2019		
	All schools	114	4
	Primary	102	4
	Secondary	108	7
	Special	102	5
	2023		
	All schools	73	2
	Primary	53	3
	Secondary	108	6
	Special	112	7
	2024		
	All schools	69	3
	Primary	35	1
	Secondary	121	6
	Special	118	7



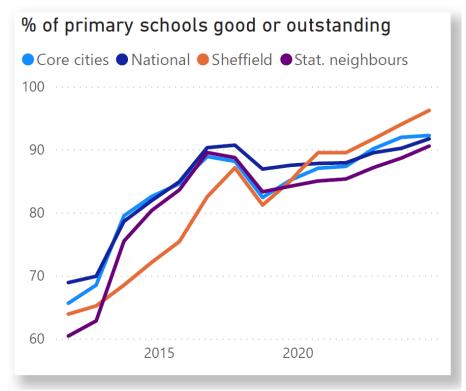
### Ofsted judgements - % of pupils in good or outstanding schools

- 88.9% of all pupils and 95.7% of primary age pupils were attending a good or outstanding school as at 30 September 2024.
- The % of all pupils in a good or outstanding schools is slightly below the national and Core Cities average.



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### School Data: Ofsted (Primary)

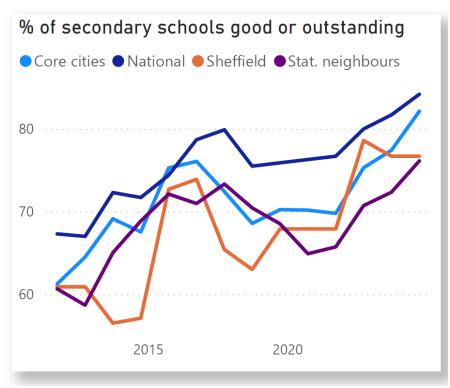


% of primary schools good or outstanding

Area	30/09/21	30/09/22	30/09/23	30/09/24
Core cities	87.3	90.1	91.9	92.2
National	87.9	89.5	90.2	91.7
Sheffield	89.5	91.7	94.0	96.2
Stat. neighbours	85.3	87.1	88.6	90.5

- At year-end (30 September 2024) the Sheffield primary sector reached 96% of schools judged good or outstanding for the first time.
- This was an improvement across 2023/24 of 2.2% points, following an increase of 2.3% points in 2022/23.
- This placed Sheffield primary schools 4.5% points above national and 4.0% points above Core Cities.

### School Data: Ofsted (Secondary)

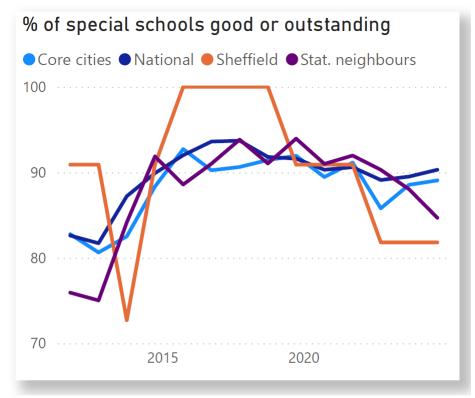


% of secondary schools good or outstanding

Area	30/09/21	30/09/22	30/09/23	30/09/24
Core cities	69.8	75.3	77.4	82.1
National	76.7	80.0	81.7	84.2
Sheffield	67.9	78.6	76.7	76.7
Stat. neighbours	65.7	70.7	72.3	76.1

- The year-end (30 September 2024) position for the Sheffield secondary sector was 76.7% of schools judged good or outstanding.
- This is the same as the end of year position in 2022/23. As the national and Core Cities results have improved for secondary, the gap between national/Core Cities and Sheffield has got wider.
- This placed Sheffield secondary schools 7.5% points below national and 5.4% points below Core Cities.

### School Data: Ofsted (Special)



% of special schools good or outstanding

Area	30/09/21	30/09/22	30/09/23	30/09/24
Core cities	91.1	85.8	88.5	89.1
National	90.6	89.1	89.5	90.3
Sheffield	90.9	81.8	81.8	81.8
Stat. neighbours	92.0	90.3	88.0	84.7

- As there are only 11 settings in the special school data with inspection judgements (two schools had not yet been inspected as at 30 September 2024) one school has a significant impact on Sheffield's overall position.
- Sheffield was below the national average and Core Cities average at the end of the 2023/24 school year - either of the two schools below good moving to good or outstanding would move Sheffield above the national average.



### School inspection outcomes summary



### **Outcomes for children and young people**

- In 2015, 53k of 71k\* pupils attended a school judged good or outstanding. By 2024, 76k of 85k\* pupils attended a school judged good or outstanding.
- The percentage of Sheffield pupils attending a school judged good or outstanding increased from 75% in 2015 to 89% in 2024.
- Over the past 8 years, an additional 22.5k pupils attend a good or outstanding setting a 14% point increase in the percentage of pupils attending a good or outstanding setting.
- In September 2024, 9,414 pupils attended a setting which is not judged currently to be good or outstanding.



### **Trails for further investigation**

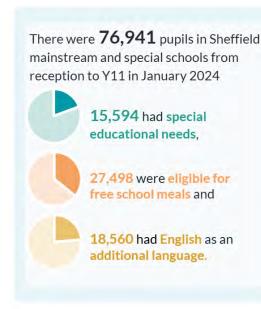
- **1.1** How should we track inspection outcomes going forwards now that overall judgements have gone?
- **1.2** What is the relationship between the quality of education judgement in inspection and pupil outcomes? What does this tell us about effective approaches to raising attainment?

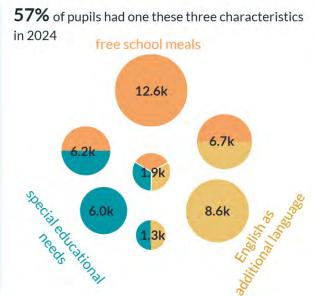
## Sheffield Performance Analysis 2024 Overview

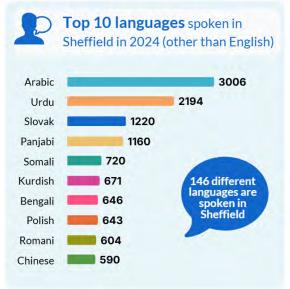
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### Pupil characteristics – overview



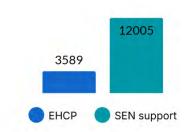






**20%** of pupils in Sheffield in 2024 had special educational needs

**3,589** pupils had an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) and **12,005** had a support plan but not an EHCP



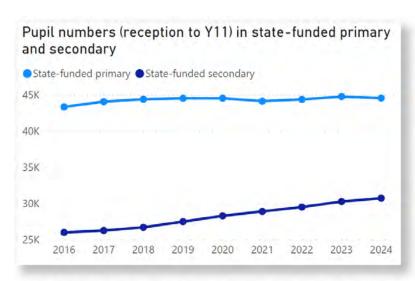


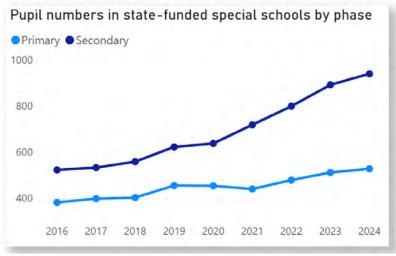


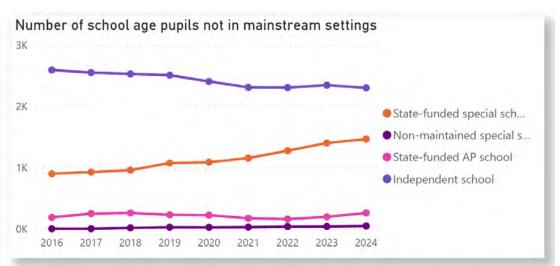


### Pupil characteristics – pupil numbers by setting

- In January 2024, there were just over 79,000 young people from reception to Y11 in education settings in Sheffield. Overall, the number of young people has increased by about 9% since 2016.
- The largest increase in numbers has been in the secondary phase and the largest % increase has been in special schools, particularly in the secondary phase where there has been an 80% increase in pupil numbers since 2016.



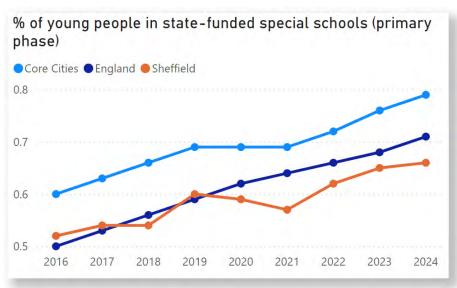


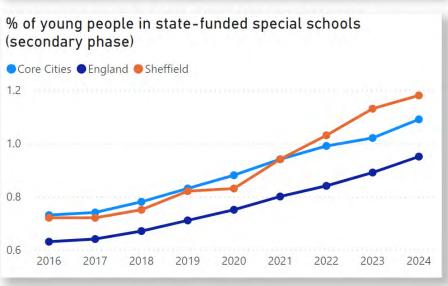


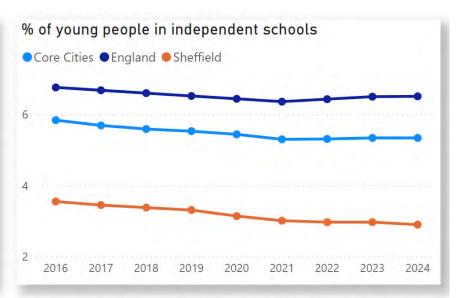
Type of setting	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
State-funded primary	43336	44057	44390	44522	44520	44128	44364	44764	44543
State-funded secondary	25965	26233	26672	27462	28264	28871	29469	30237	30705
State-funded special school	903	929	960	1076	1090	1157	1277	1403	1467
Non-maintained special school	5	6	19	29	28	31	40	42	49
State-funded AP school	191	251	262	233	226	175	162	199	262
Independent school	2595	2551	2530	2509	2407	2311	2308	2346	2303
Total	72995	74027	74833	75831	76535	76673	77620	78991	79329

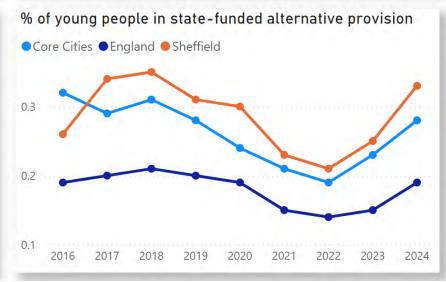
### Pupil characteristics – pupil numbers by setting

- Sheffield has a lower % of young people in special schools in the primary phase compared to the national and Core Cities average but a higher % of young people in special schools in the secondary phase.
- The independent sector in Sheffield is significantly smaller than the national and Core Cities average (3% of pupils in Sheffield compared to 6.5% nationally in 2024).
- The % of pupils in statefunded alternative provision is higher than the Core Cities and national average and this increased significantly between 2023 and 2024.



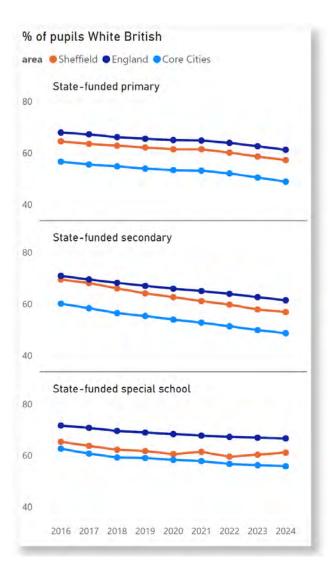


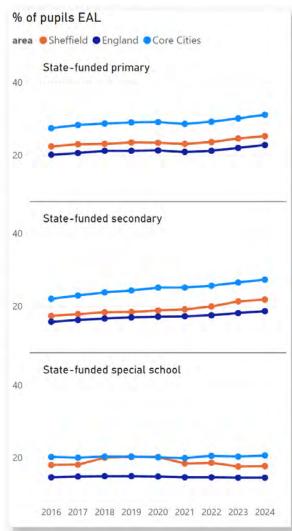


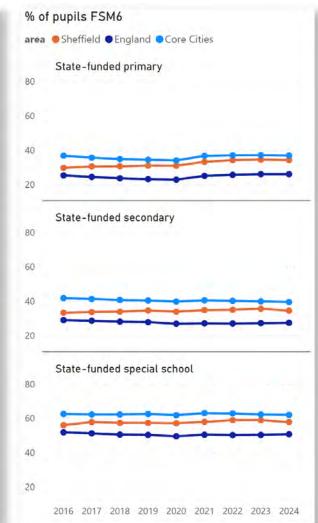


### Pupil characteristics – trends by phase

- Sheffield has a higher % of pupils from Black, Asian and minority ethnic groups, a higher % of pupils with English as an additional language and a higher % of pupils eligible for the pupil premium compared to the national average. The % of pupils in these categories has been increasing since 2016.
- Although Sheffield is above the national average on the above measures it is below the average for Core Cities.
- The % of pupils eligible for free school meals in the last 6 years (FSM6) has increased since 2020 but has now stabilised at around 34%.

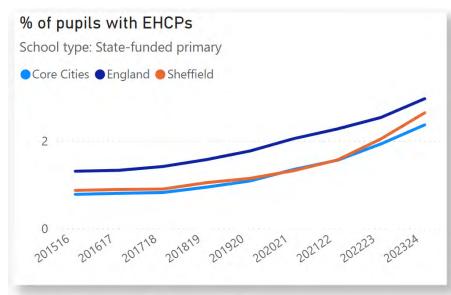


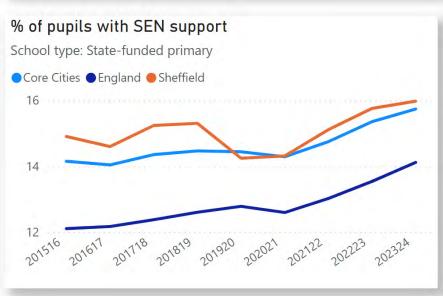


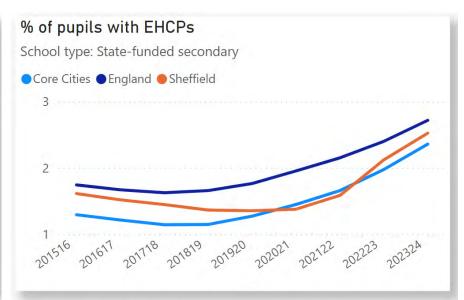


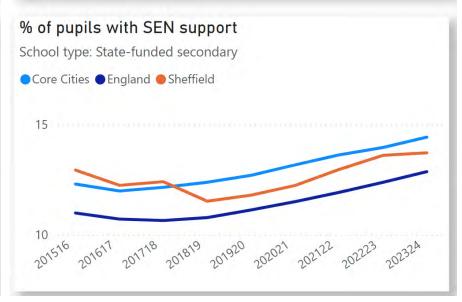
### Pupil characteristics – % of pupils with SEND

- In 2024, 2.6% of pupils in primary schools and 2.5% of pupils in secondary schools had an Education, Health & Care Plan (EHCP).
- The % of pupils with EHCPs in Sheffield in January 2024 is below the national average and slightly above the Core Cities average.
- A further 16.0% of pupils in primary and 13.7% of pupils in secondary had a SEN support plan. These figures are higher than the national average.



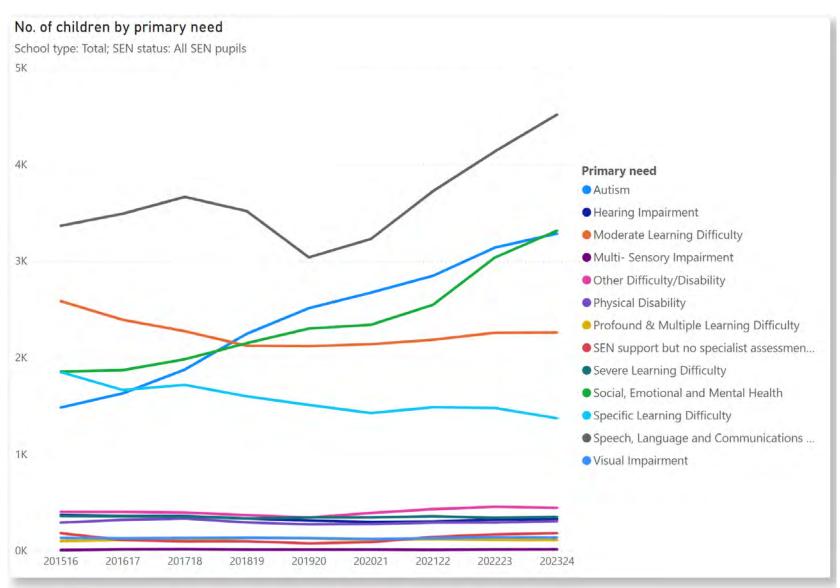






### Pupil characteristics – SEND primary needs

- The most prevalent need for pupils with SEND in Sheffield in 2023/24 was speech, language and communication followed by social, emotional and mental health and autism.
- 5.3% of pupils in all statefunded settings had a primary need of speech, language and communication in January 2024, this is higher than the national average (4.4%) and the Core Cities average (5.0%).
- The % of pupils with autism is also significantly higher than the national average (3.8% in Sheffield compared to 2.8% nationally in 2023/24).





### Pupil characteristics – primary - ethnicity & EAL (2024)

- In 2023/24 Sheffield had a higher % of pupils of Pakistani, Black African, White Gypsy/Roma and any other ethnic group compared to the national average. The % of pupils of White Gypsy/Roma ethnicity was also higher than the national average and the Core Cities average.
- Overall pupil numbers in primary have decreased slightly since 2019. The largest % increase has been for pupils of Indian origin (131%), there has also been a 50% increase in Black African pupils. The White British population has declined by 9% since 2019.
- There has been a 6% increase in the number of primary-age pupils with EAL compared to a 4% decrease in the number of pupils with English as a first language.





# Pupil characteristics – primary – pupils eligible for free school meals in the last 6 years (2024)

Ethnic group	No. of pupils	Sheffield •	diff. w. national	diff. w. Core Cities
White - Gypsy/Roma	790	88.8	29.1	23.5
White - Traveller of Irish heritage	18	72.0	2.1	2.7
Mixed - White and Black Carribean	745	60.8	13.3	4.9
Any other ethnic group	1013	58.3	18.6	7.2
Black - Black Caribbean	105	58.0	9.5	5.1
Mixed - Any other Mixed background	461	46.1	16.5	2.6
Asian - Any other Asian background	510	44.6	22.0	8.5
Mixed - White and Black African	244	41.8	5.4	-3.0
Black - Any other Black background	190	40.2	-0.1	-8.4
Unclassified	193	39.3	11.4	0.7
Mixed - White and Asian	407	39.1	16.6	3.4
Black - Black African	1123	36.6	5.6	-3.2
Asian - Pakistani	1066	34.4	6.8	2.3
White - Any other White background	577	34.2	13.7	1.9
All pupils	14846	34.1	8.2	-2.7
Asian - Bangaladeshi	158	34.0	1.3	-0.8
White - White British	7187	28.6	3.4	-7.9
White - Irish	13	22.0	-0.8	-4.1
Asian - Chinese	33	9.5	1.1	-5.1
Asian - Indian	13	1.5	-5.4	-5.6

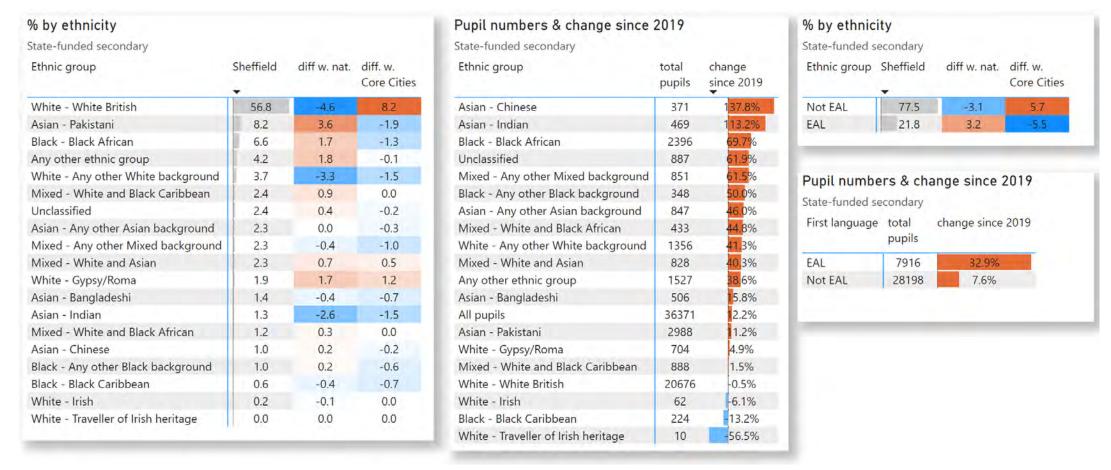
itate-funde	d primary			
NCY	No. of pupils	Sheffield	diff. w. national	diff. w. Core Cities
Reception	1782	30.6	12.8	2.5
Year 1	1901	31.3	9.3	-1.1
Year 2	2102	33.5	8.7	-2.0
Year 3	2239	35.0	7.7	-3.0
Year 4	2251	35.4	6.6	-4.5
Year 5	2248	36.1	6.5	-5.3
Year 6	2323	36.6	6.5	-5.4

- The % of FSM6 pupils in Sheffield primary schools in 2023/24 was higher than the national average for the majority of ethnic groups. Eligibility rates are also higher within BAME groups compared to White British children.
- 29% of White British pupils in Sheffield were FSM6 in 2024 which is 8% points lower than the Core Cities average.
- Pupil premium eligibility in 2023/24 was higher in the younger age groups. This may mean increasing overall eligibility for pupil premium in the future with Sheffield moving more in line with the average for Core Cities.



## Pupil characteristics – secondary - ethnicity & EAL (2024)

- Similar to primary, Sheffield had a higher % of pupils of Pakistani, Black African, White Gypsy/Roma and any other ethnic group in 2023/24 compared
  to the national average. The % of pupils of White Gypsy/Roma ethnicity was higher than the national average and the Core Cities average.
- Overall pupil numbers in secondary have increased 12% since 2019. The largest % increase is for Chinese and Indian pupils. Pupil numbers in these groups have more than doubled since 2019.
- There has been a 33% increase in the number of secondary-age pupils with EAL compared to an 8% increase in the number of pupils with English as a first language.





# Pupil characteristics – secondary – pupils eligible for free school meals in the last 6 years (2024)

### % pupils eligible for free school meals in the last 6 years by ethnicity

Ethnic group	No. of pupils	Sheffield •	diff. w. national	diff. w. Core Cities
White - Gypsy/Roma	649	92.4	27.9	27.7
White - Traveller of Irish heritage	6	66.7	3.9	-11.8
Black - Black Caribbean	120	60.6	11.2	5.6
Any other ethnic group	819	60.2	15.2	3.1
Mixed - White and Black Carribean	460	56.2	8.0	1.6
Asian - Any other Asian background	376	50.4	24.7	8.7
Black - Any other Black background	147	47.3	3.4	-6.6
Mixed - Any other Mixed background	331	46.1	13.9	-0.7
Black - Black African	883	42.3	5.1	-4.2
Mixed - White and Black African	165	41.7	3.1	-5.6
Unclassified	275	37.4	2.9	-10.3
Asian - Bangaladeshi	153	37.3	-1.5	-3.2
Asian - Pakistani	949	36.7	4.8	-0.5
Mixed - White and Asian	258	36.1	10.1	-3.2
White - Any other White background	415	35.2	13.1	1.5
All pupils	10927	34.4	7.1	-5.0
White - White British	4846	26.9	1.6	-10.0
White - Irish	7	15.2	-7.8	-13.2
Asian - Chinese	41	13.4	4.5	0.1
Asian - Indian	27	7.0	-2.9	-4.0

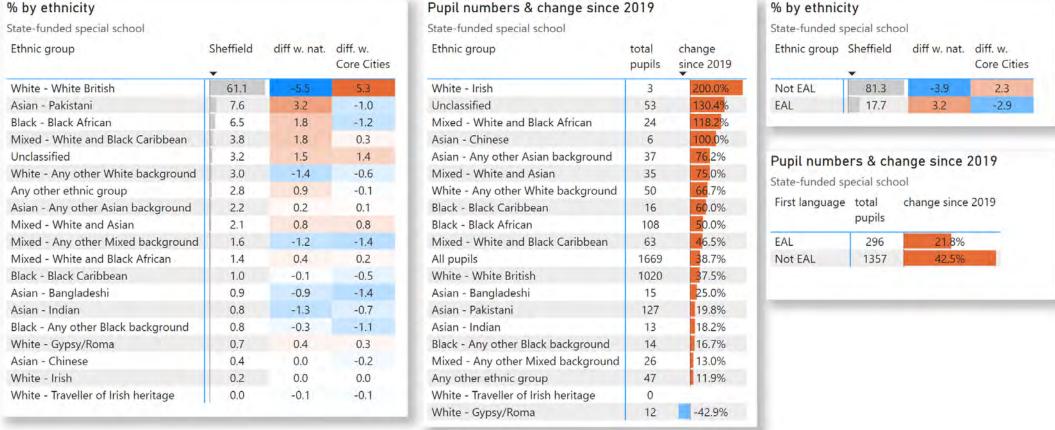
tate-fun	nded secondary			
NCY	No. of pupils	Sheffield	diff. w. national	diff. w. Core Cities
Year 7	2227	35.0	5.6	-6.1
Year 8	2209	36.1	7.8	-4.2
Year 9	2048	33.6	6.2	-6.1
Year 10	2081	34.0	7.7	-4.7
Year 11	1903	31.7	6.6	-6.4

- The % of pupils eligible for the pupil premium in Sheffield secondary schools in 2023/24 was higher than the national average for the majority of ethnic groups. Eligibility rates were also higher within most BAME groups compared to White British children.
- White Gypsy/Roma pupils had the highest rates of pupil premium eligibility at 92%, significantly higher than both the national and Core Cities average.
- Pupil premium eligibility for White British pupils in Sheffield was 10% points lower than the Core Cities average in 2023/24.



## Pupil characteristics – special - ethnicity & EAL (2024)

- Pupils from BAME groups were slightly under-represented in special schools in Sheffield in 2023/24 39% of pupils in special schools were BAME compared to 43% in mainstream primary and secondary combined.
- Overall, the special school population has increased by 39% since 2019, which is significantly higher than the overall increase in pupil numbers in mainstream schools.
- In contrast to mainstream, the % increase in the number of pupils with English as a first language (43%) is higher than that for EAL pupils (22% increase).



Ethnic group	Sheffield	diff w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
Not EAL	81.3	-3.9	2.3
AL	17.7	3.2	-2.9
ate-funded s	pecial scho		2019
ite-funded s	pecial scho	ol change since	2019
upil numb ate-funded s irst language AL	pecial scho total	ol	2019



# Pupil characteristics – special – pupils eligible for free school meals in the last 6 years (2024)

### % pupils eligible for free school meals in the last 6 years by ethnicity

State-funded special school

Ethnic group	No. of pupils	Sheffield •	diff. w. national	diff. w. Core Cities
White - Gypsy/Roma	10	90.9	19.1	10.3
Black - Black Caribbean	9	81.8	14.6	8.2
Mixed - White and Black Carribean	43	81.1	11.2	4.0
White - Any other White background	33	75.0	37.7	22.4
Mixed - White and Asian	20	69.0	26.0	7.9
Unclassified	33	67.3	16.0	4.3
Black - Black African	59	64.1	9.0	2.8
Mixed - Any other Mixed background	14	63.6	11.8	-3.7
All pupils	848	57.8	7.1	-4.2
White - White British	513	57.5	4.9	-8.8
Black - Any other Black background	8	57.1	0.1	1.1
Any other ethnic group	22	51.2	-1.2	-15.3
Asian - Any other Asian background	18	50.0	16.2	0.7
Asian - Chinese	3	50.0	21.5	19.4
Mixed - White and Black African	10	43.5	-17.0	-23.8
Asian - Bangaladeshi	6	42.9	-1.8	-0.4
Asian - Pakistani	47	42.0	3.9	-1.4

State-funde	d special schoo	ol		
NCY	No. of pupils	Sheffield	diff. w. national	diff. w. Core Cities
Reception	17	39.5	11.2	4.0
Year 1	31	54.4	16.8	3.0
Year 2	35	52.2	10.2	-3.4
Year 3	40	52.6	4.3	-6.2
Year 4	50	56.8	6.0	-4.0
Year 5	54	60.0	7.3	-8.5
Year 6	65	61.3	7.2	-4.2
Year 7	102	57.0	3.3	-6.6
Year 8	136	63.3	8.6	-2.8
Year 9	115	59.0	5.4	-5.1
Year 10	108	61.0	7.3	-3.1
Year 11	95	54.6	1.1	-9.2

- The % of pupils eligible for the pupil premium was significantly higher in special schools in 2023/24 (58% compared to ~34% in mainstream). However, the difference between Sheffield and the national average was similar in mainstream and special.
- Pupil premium eligibility rates were not higher in the special sector across all ethnic groups. For example, eligibility rates are double for White British pupils (compared to mainstream) but were only around 5% points higher for Pakistani pupils.

### Pupil characteristics summary



### Outcomes for children and young people

- There are ~79k young people from reception to year 11 in Sheffield schools. This is an overall increase of over 6,000 since 2016, most of the increase in pupil numbers is in the secondary phase. Although the overall numbers are smaller, the number of pupils in special schools has increased by 62% since 2016 representing an additional 564 pupils in special schools.
- The number of young people eligible for the pupil premium has increased by around 5,000 since 2016 and this increase has been seen in all phases.
- The number of young people with an EHCP has increased by nearly 2,000 (doubled) since 2016.
- The number of young people with special educational needs with a primary need of autism or social emotional and mental health has increased by 15% since 2018/19.



### **Trails for further investigation**

- 2.1 What are the implications of the rise in the number of pupils accessing alternative provision?
- **2.2** What can the trends in relation to different types of educational provision tell us about what works for pupils and the provision that is likely to be required in the future?
- 2.3 Is the difference in the proportion of pupils eligible for free school meals in Key Stage 1 compared to later Key Stages, relative to Core Cities and national, reflective of rising need or automatic registration in Sheffield?

## Overview

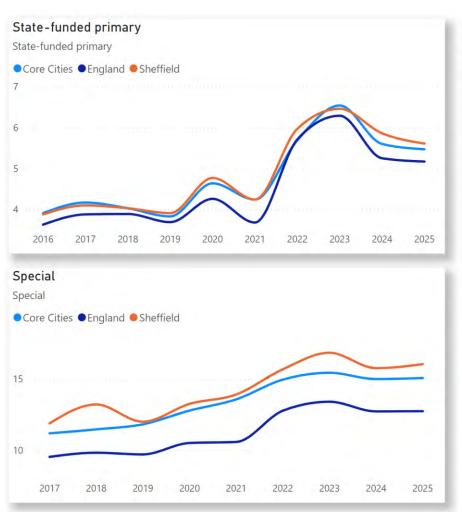
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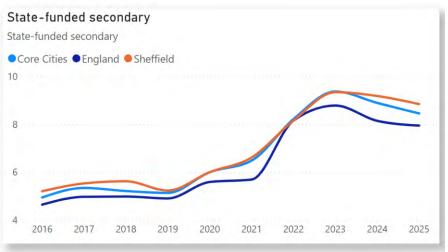
Last updated: January 2025 Next updates: January 2026



### Attendance – overall absence by phase – autumn term

- Levels of absence across all phases have increased significantly since 2018/19.
- Following a peak in the autumn term of 2022/23, levels of absence have stabilised in 2023/24 and 2024/25.
- Absence in Sheffield was higher than the national and Core Cities average in all phases in autumn 2024/25.



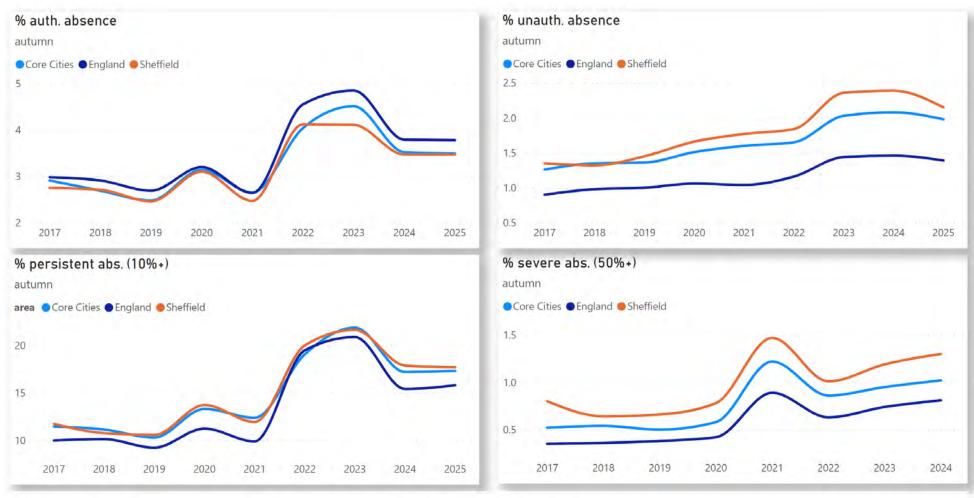


#### Votes:

- The secondary phase includes primary age pupils in through schools (around 2.5% of all primary age pupils in Sheffield).
- · 2025 autumn term data is provisional.

### Absence and persistent absence (primary) – autumn term

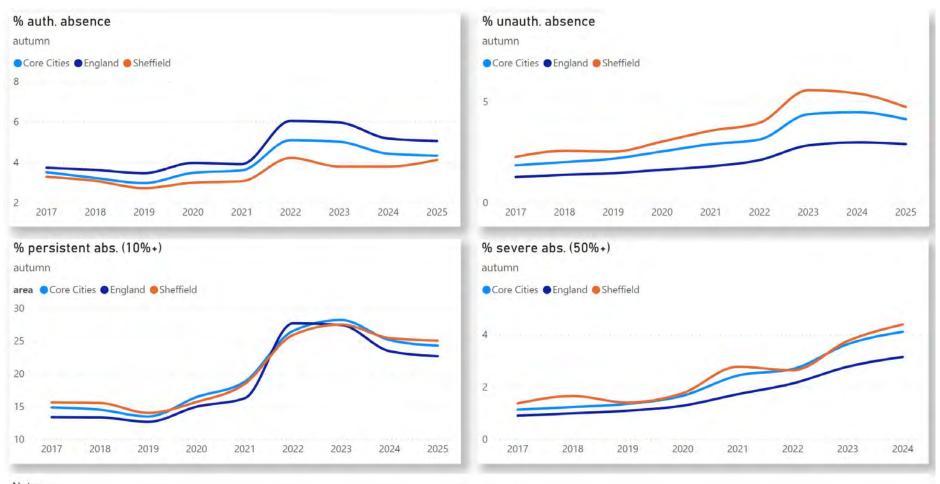
- Although overall absence in Sheffield was above the national average in autumn 2024/25, authorised absence was lower.
- Unauthorised absence in the primary phase has been amongst the highest nationally but improved in the autumn term of 2024/25.
- Persistent absence has remained stable in the context of a national increase, but severe absence has been increasing (2024/25 data is not yet available).



- The secondary phase includes primary age pupils in through schools (around 2.5% of all primary age pupils in Sheffield).
- · 2025 autumn term data is provisional.

### Absence and persistent absence (secondary) – autumn term

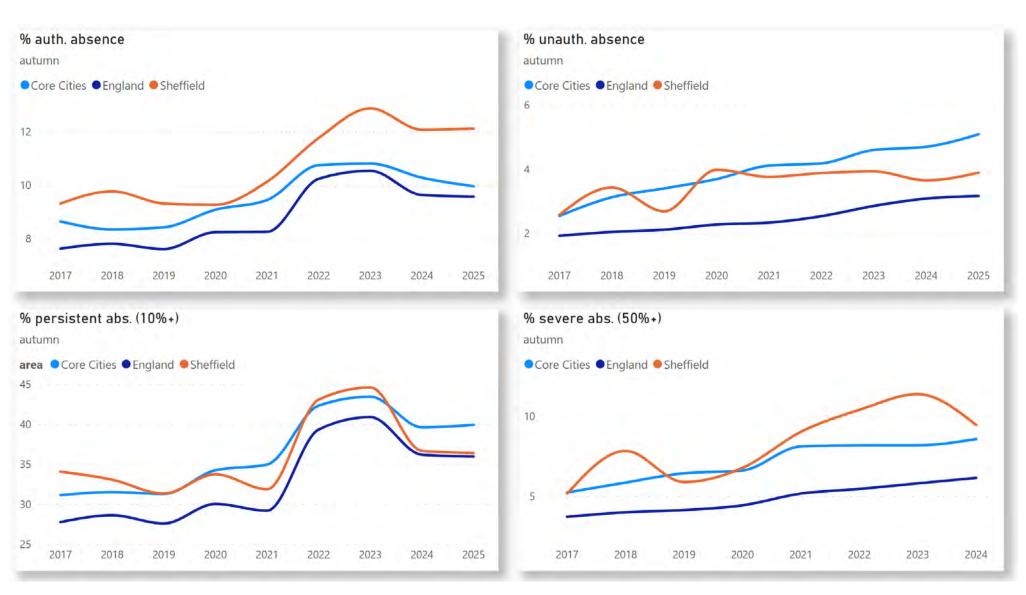
- Similar to the primary phase, authorised absence in secondary schools is generally much lower than the national average and unauthorised absence is higher. However, in the autumn term of 2024/25 there was an increase in authorised absence and a decrease in unauthorised absence.
- Persistent absence has not changed significantly since autumn 2023/24 but remained above the national average in autumn 2024/25.
- Severe absence has been increasing and is above the Core Cities and national average (2024/25 data is not yet available).



- The secondary phase includes primary age pupils in through schools (around 2.5% of all primary age pupils in Sheffield)
- · 2025 autumn term data is provisional.

### Absence and persistent absence (special) – autumn term

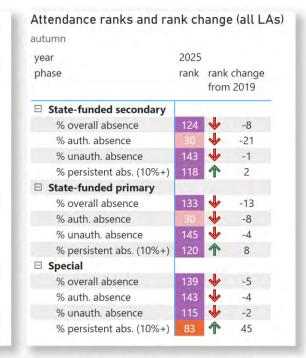
- Authorised absence in Sheffield special schools was amongst the 10 highest LAs nationally in the autumn term of 2024/25.
- In contrast to mainstream schools, unauthorised absence is lower in special schools – above the national average but below Core Cities (2<sup>nd</sup> lowest of all Core Cities) in autumn 2024/25.
- We know that the make-up of the special phase in Sheffield differs from the national average, and this results in lower overall attendance levels.

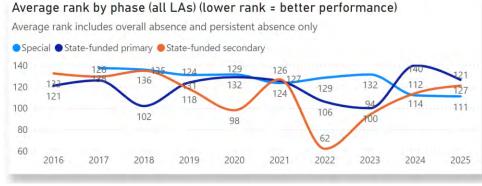


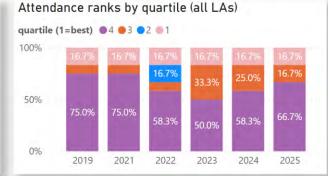
### Absence national ranks – autumn term

- Sheffield's national rank for overall absence has worsened in all phases since 2019 but the ranks for persistent absence have improved.
- The rank for primary absence and persistent absence improved in the autumn term of 2024/25 compared to the autumn term of 2023/24.





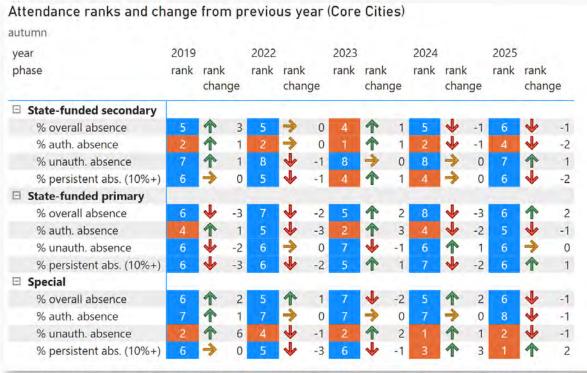


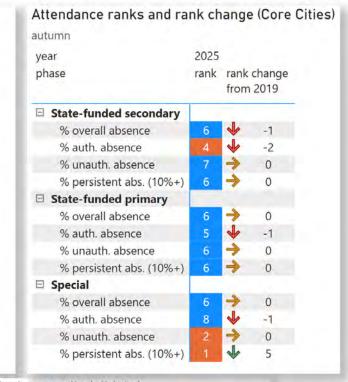


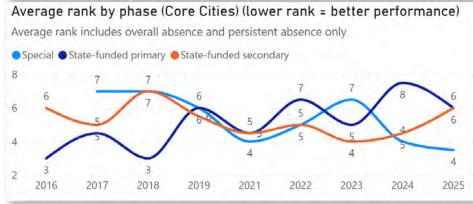
- The secondary phase includes primary age pupils in through schools (around 2.5% of all primary age pupils in Sheffield).
- 2025 autumn term data is provisional.

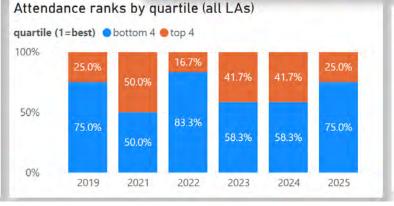
### Absence Core City ranks – autumn term

- Sheffield is 6<sup>th</sup> out of all Core Cities for overall absence across all phases. This was a slight worsening in position for secondary and special but an improvement for primary.
- Sheffield's rank amongst Core Cities has not changed significantly since 2019.
- Persistent absence in the special phase was ranked 1<sup>st</sup> out of Core Cities in the autumn term of 2024/25.









- The secondary phase includes primary age pupils in through schools (around 2.5% of all primary age pupils in Sheffield).
- 2025 autumn term data is provisional.

### Reasons for absence – autumn term 2024/25

- The table shows the % of sessions by reason for absence (authorised and unauthorised) and the difference between Sheffield and the national average.
- In the primary and secondary phases Sheffield had a lower % of absences coded as illness compared to the national average in autumn 2024/25.
- This may suggest that unexplained absence is being coded as unauthorised rather than illness in Sheffield.

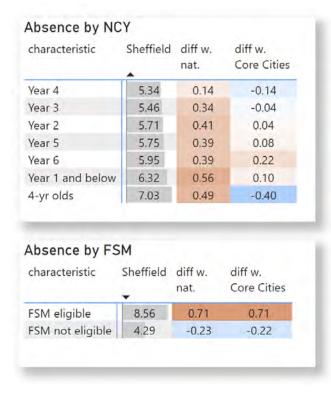
phase	Special	JANEAU.			ded primar			ded secon	
Reason for absence	Sheffield	diff w. national	diff w. Core Cities	Sheffield	diff w. national	diff w. Core Cities	Sheffield	diff w. national	diff w. Core Cities
% overall absence	16.01	3.28	0.97	5.61	0.44	0.14	8.85	0.90	0.39
% auth. absence	12.12	2.55	2.16	3.47	-0.31	-0.02	4.11	-0.94	-0.21
% unauth. absence	3.89	0.73	-1.20	2.15	0.76	0.17	4.74	1.84	0.61
% persistent abs. (10%+)	36.40	0.44	-3.52	17.70	1.89	0.37	25.04	2.37	0.77
% excluded (auth)	0.22	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.51	0.23	0.11
% holiday (unauth)	0.55	0.18	0.01	0.68	0.16	0.07	0.53	0.20	0.10
% illness (auth)	6.36	0.88	0.83	2.75	-0.30	-0.10	2.72	-0.99	-0.35
% late (unauth)	0.23	-0.04	-0.18	0.23	0.07	0.02	0.38	0.13	-0.03
% medical (auth)	1.04	0.06	0.13	0.26	0.01	0.03	0.32	-0.03	0.02
% no reason yet (unauth)	0.16	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.01	-0.01	0.10	0.01	0.00
% other (auth)	1.68	0.01	0.09	0.25	-0.06	0.00	0.27	-0.17	-0.07
% other (unauth)	2.96	0.56	-1.03	1.17	0.52	0.10	3.72	1.49	0.52
% religious (auth)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
% study (auth)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
% tot. holiday	0.55	0.18	0.01	0.68	0.16	0.07	0.53	0.20	0.10
% traveller (auth)	0.00	-0.01	0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

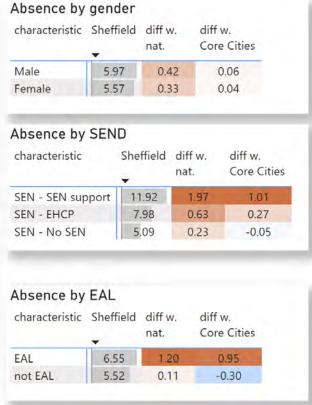
- The secondary phase includes primary age pupils in through schools (around 2.5% of all primary age pupils in Sheffield).
- 2025 autumn term data is provisional.



## Absence by pupil group – primary – autumn & spring 2023/24

- The absence rate for a number of pupils groups in the primary phase in Sheffield was significantly above the national and Core Cities average in the first two terms of 2023/24. The absence rate for pupils with SEN support was 2% points higher than the national average and the absence rate for pupils with EAL was 1.2% points higher.
- Absence was also higher than the national average for most ethnic minority pupil groups, whilst absence for White British pupils was the same as the national average.

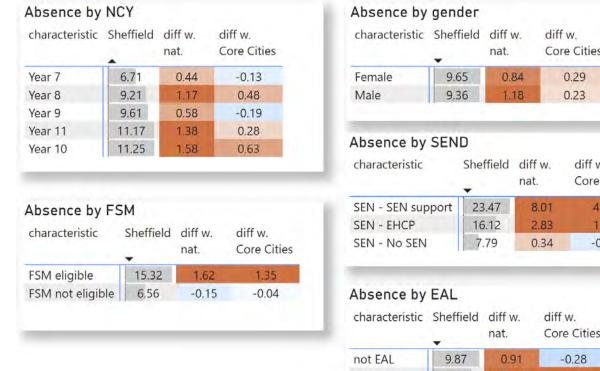




characteristic	No. of pupils	Sheffield	diff w. nat.	diff w. Core Cities
Traveller of Irish heritage	24	18.05	-2.38	0.35
Gypsy Roma	831	14.67	0.47	2.58
Any other ethnic group	3280	12.74	2.14	1.88
White and Black Caribbean	1073	8.22	1,21	0.98
Any other White background	1547	7.09	1.44	0.53
Bangladeshi	416	7.00	0.83	0.27
Unclassified	660	6.81	0.56	0.18
Pakistani	2778	6.62	0.49	0.35
Any other Mixed background	888	6.54	0.89	0.46
Black Caribbean	157	6.17	-0.11	0.11
White and Asian	918	5.96	0.79	0.36
Any other Asian background	1097	5.84	0.91	0.70
Indian	824	5.59	0.37	0.05
White British	22234	5.35	0.00	-0.54
White and Black African	530	5.18	-0.07	-0.07
Any other Black background	425	4.93	0.38	0.71
Irish	53	4.75	-1.71	-0.55
Chinese	324	3.81	0.31	0.59
Black African	2916	3.45	0.12	0.15

## Absence by pupil group – secondary – autumn & spring 2023/24

- In the secondary phase the gaps with national tend to be larger. Absence rates for pupils with SEN support in the first two terms of 2023/24 were 8% points higher than the national average and 5% points higher than the Core Cities average.
- In the primary phase absence was higher for pupils with EAL but this reverses in the secondary phase. A number of minority ethnic groups had lower absence rates compared to White British pupils. This is in contrast to the trends seen in the primary phase where absence rates tend to be lower for White British pupils.



diff w. Core Cities	Absence by ethnic group characteristic	No. of pupils	Sheffield •	diff w.	diff w. Core Cities
0.29	Traveller of Irish heritage	11	30.46	8.43	4.12
0.23	Gypsy Roma	758	22.66	1.23	2.34
	White and Black Caribbean	853	15.71	3.82	2.97
	Any other ethnic group	2872	15.68	2.48	2.16
	Unclassified	959	12.93	3.01	1.70
w. diff w. Core Cities	Any other Mixed background	732	10.52	2.71	1.43
	Black Caribbean	204	10.28	1.98	1.12
1 4.65	White British	18398	9.99	0.58	-1.10
3 1.52	Any other White background	1212	9.93	2.40	1.18
4 -0.16	Irish	47	9.78	0.47	-0.93
0.10	White and Asian	744	9.17	1.60	0.78
	White and Black African	410	7.71	-0.79	-0.54
	Bangladeshi	410	7.32	0.92	0.59
diff w.	Pakistani	2614	7.32	0.05	0.01
Core Cities	Any other Asian background	784	6.85	1.64	1.09
core cities	Any other Black background	321	6.31	0.34	0.19
-0.28	Indian	406	4.95	0.13	0.18
1.37	Black African	2157	4.09	0.07	0.07
	Chinese	314	2.81	-0.17	0.10

EAL

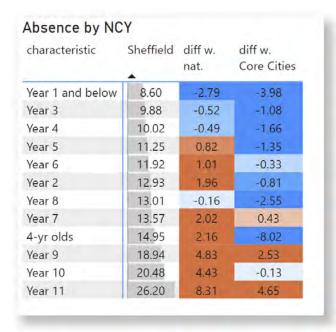
8.21

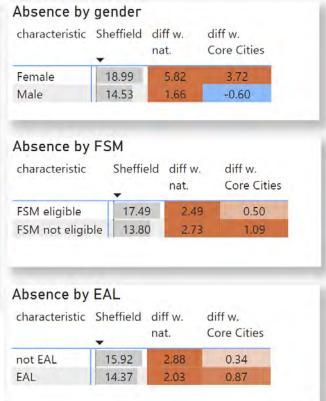
1.82



### Absence by pupil group – special – autumn & spring 2023/24

- In the first two terms of 2023/24, absence in special schools was lower in the primary phase than in secondary and was lower than the national average and Core Cities average for some year groups. Absence was particularly high for Y10 & Y11.
- The difference between absence rates for FSM eligible and non-FSM eligible pupils was lower in the special phase. The absence rates for FSM eligible pupils was more than 2 times as high as non-FSM eligible pupils in mainstream but is only 1.25 times higher in the special phase.





characteristic	No. of pupils	Sheffield •	diff w. nat.	diff w. Core Cities
Gypsy Roma	13	39.00	15.19	-0.23
Any other ethnic group	92	24.18	1.02	1.32
White and Asian	35	21.85	9.78	8.19
White and Black Caribbean	63	20.17	4.13	3.13
Any other White background	55	19.82	7.98	6.09
Unclassified	131	17.34	0.52	-1.34
White British	1132	16.72	3.57	0.48
Pakistani	123	13.60	-0.74	-2.41
Bangladeshi	15	13.32	-0.73	-2.84
Black Caribbean	13	12.78	0.72	-4.06
Any other Asian background	39	12.63	1.34	1.26
White and Black African	28	12.56	-0.17	-5.10
Irish	4	12.02	-6.03	-24.97
Any other Black background	14	11.30	0.92	0.27
Any other Mixed background	25	10.44	-1.82	-2.75
Black African	101	8.44	-1.09	-1.06
Indian	13	6.58	-3.85	-3.53
Chinese	6	5.11	-1.53	-1.50

## School attendance summary



#### **Outcomes for children and young people**

- In the autumn term of 2024/25, ~350,000 school days were missed by young people in Sheffield and ~15,350 young people missed an average of one day of school every fortnight.
- For vulnerable pupils, attendance rates are even lower. 10% of young people in special schools are attending less than half the time and over 40% of pupils eligible for free school meals and pupils with SEN in the secondary phase are missing at least one day of school every fortnight.
- The attendance of around 1,500 young people would need to improve to above 90% to bring persistent absence rates in Sheffield in line with the national average.



#### **Trails for further investigation**

- **3.1** What does case sampling and further analysis tell us about what works to improve the attendance of young people who are persistently absent?
- 3.2 What does case sampling and further analysis tell us about what works to improve the attendance
  of young people who are severely absent?

## Overview

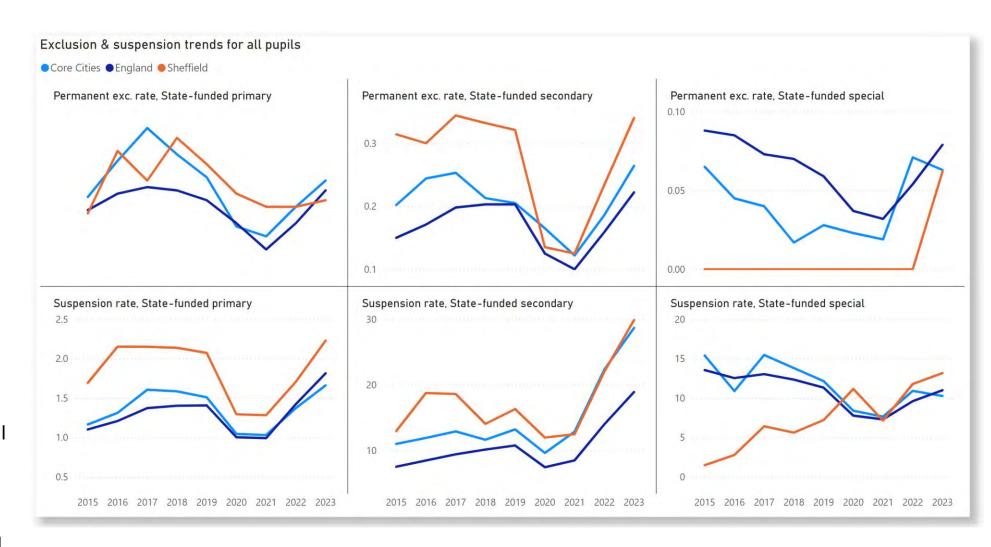
- 1 Ofsted inspection judgements
- 2 Pupil characteristics & SEND
- 3 Attendance
- 4 Exclusions
- 5 Attainment & progress

Last updated: January 2025 Next updates: January 2026



## Exclusions & suspensions – overview by phase

- Latest year-end published data (22/23) shows that Sheffield was well above the national average for suspensions in all phases and suspension rates are the highest they have ever been since 2015.
- The permanent exclusion rate was higher than the national and Core Cities average in the secondary phase in 2022/23 but the primary permanent exclusion rate has reduced and was below the national average in 2022/23.
- The permanent exclusion rate in the special phase increased in 22/23 due to 1 permanent exclusion.

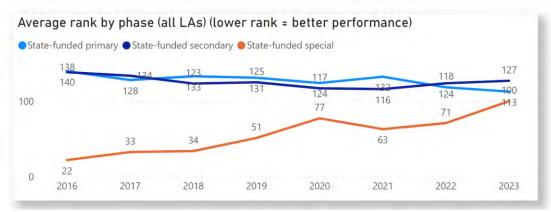


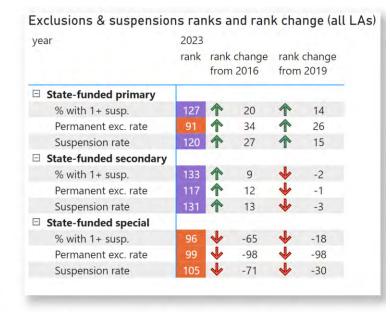


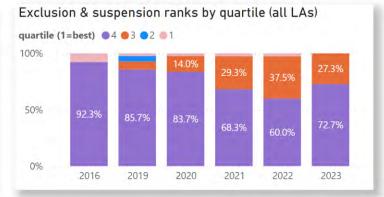
#### Exclusions – national ranks

- Overall Sheffield's national ranks for exclusions and suspensions worsened slightly between 2021/22 and 2022/23.
- Some measures did improve; the rank for permanent exclusions in the primary phase improved by 21 places due to a reduction in permanent exclusions.











#### Exclusions – suspensions by pupil group - primary (2022/23)

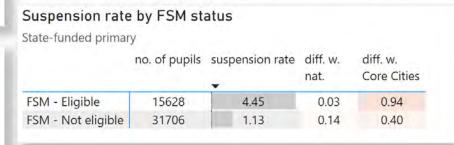
- Suspension rates in the primary phase in 2022/23 were within 2% of the national average for most pupil groups.
- Suspension rates
  were much higher
  than the national
  average and Core
  Cities average for
  Irish, Irish Traveller
  and Gypsy Roma
  pupils and also for
  pupils with an EHC
  plan.

	no. of pupils	suspension rate	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
Traveller of Irish heritage	25	40.00	31.27	27.67
Irish	68	8.82	6.94	7.12
Gypsy Roma	997	7.72	2.71	6.00
White and Black Caribbean	1360	5.52	1.50	1.50
Black African	3004	2.36	1.07	1.09
White British	27754	2.28	0.09	0.02
Any other white background	1862	1.99	1.05	1.19
Any other black background	472	1.48	-0.54	-0.08
White and Asian	1116	1.43	0.40	0.49
Any other Asian background	1230	1.38	0.92	0.68
Bangladeshi	527	1.33	1.01	0.72
Any other Mixed background	1062	1.22	-0.51	-0.51
Pakistani	3486	1.00	0.50	0.41
Black Caribbean	203	0.99	-2.49	-1.70
White and Black African	611	0.66	-1.68	-1.43
Indian	771	0.13	-0.07	-0.13
Chinese	387	0.00	-0.20	-0.18

State-funded	primary			
	no. of pupils	suspension rate	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
EHC plan	968	20.46	4.06	5.77
SEN support	7457	8.61	0.87	1.63

	no. of pupils	suspension rate	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
NC Year 5	6295	3.72	1.38	1.28
NC Year 4	6140	3.18	1.17	1.05
NC Year 6	6517	3.05	0.35	-0.15
NC Year 3	6294	2.10	0.20	0.47
NC Year 2	6279	2.05	0.26	0.82
NC Year 1 and below	15809	1.03	-0.05	0.30
NC Year Unclassified	0			

Note: Secondary phase includes primary age pupils in through schools.





#### Exclusions – suspensions by pupil group - secondary (2022/23)

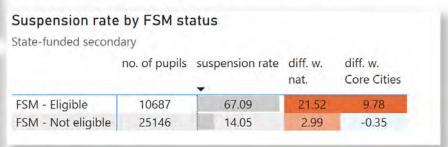
- Suspension rates in the secondary phase in 2022/23 were significantly above the national average for most pupil groups.
- Suspension rates were much higher than the national average and Core Cities average for Gypsy Roma, Irish Traveller and White & Black Caribbean pupils. They were also significantly higher for pupils with SEN and pupils eligible for free school meals.

	no. of pupils	suspension rate	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
Gypsy Roma	719	122.53	27.07	29.68
Traveller of Irish heritage	20	95.00	24.87	7.10
White and Black Caribbean	881	69.13	33.91	20.06
Any other Mixed background	811	32.06	16.33	4.33
Black Caribbean	214	31.31	7.87	2.13
White British	20722	31.03	8.70	-6.70
White and Asian	801	27.72	13.08	2.45
White and Black African	438	22.83	2.62	-0.85
Any other white background	1347	21.98	10.24	0.57
Black African	2108	18.64	8.02	3.21
Any other black background	311	18.33	2.06	-5.13
Irish	62	17.74	0.16	-13.04
Pakistani	2978	16.22	4.58	3.39
Any other Asian background	831	13.84	7.60	3.20
Bangladeshi	477	7.97	2.69	-2.56
Chinese	311	3.86	2.24	2.52
Indian	385	1.82	-0.77	-1.25

	rate by SE	N status		
State-funded :	secondary			
	no. of pupils	suspension rate	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
SEN support	4870	83.04	35.22	17.30
EHC plan	761	80.03	32.86	16.17
No SEN	30202	20.04	6.14	-1.62

State-funded secondary				
	no. of pupils	suspension rate	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
NC Year 9	6123	45.13	17.82	3.68
NC Year 8	6052	39.24	14.85	-0.53
NC Year 10	6047	38.40	12.96	2.53
NC Year 7	6145	31.02	14.99	4.34
NC Year 11	5870	21.07	6.01	-1.76
NC Year 6	120	11.67	7.07	5.91
NC Year 2	164	4.27	2.00	3.23
NC Year 5	120	2.50	-0.72	-1.18
NC Year 1 and below	444	1.13	-0.28	0.62
NC Year 12 and above	4426	0.86	-0.11	-0.22
NC Year 3	160	0.00	-2.35	-3.60
NC Year 4	162	0.00	-3.13	-5.08
NC Year Unclassified	0			

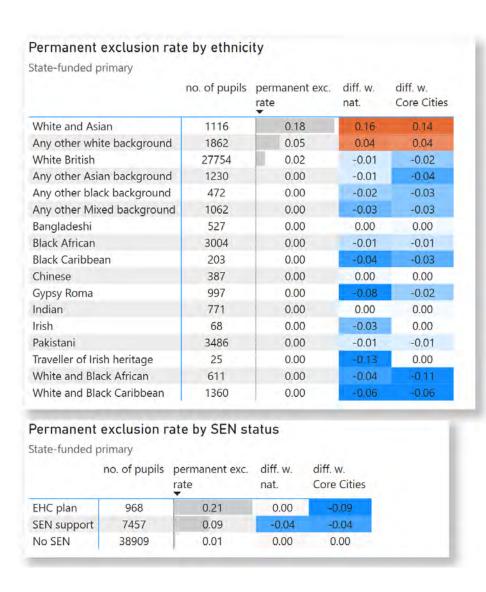
Note: Secondary phase includes primary age pupils in through schools.





#### Exclusions – permanent exclusions by pupil group - primary (2022/23)

- In the primary phase in 2022/23 the permanent exclusion rate for most pupil groups was close to or below the national average.
- Pupils of White and Asian ethnicity had a significantly higher permanent exclusion rate although in pupil numbers this represents 2 out of a total of 11 permanent exclusions.
- 9 out of 11 pupils who were permanently excluded in the primary phase in 2022/23 had SEN, although the overall rate of exclusions for SEN pupils was below the national average.

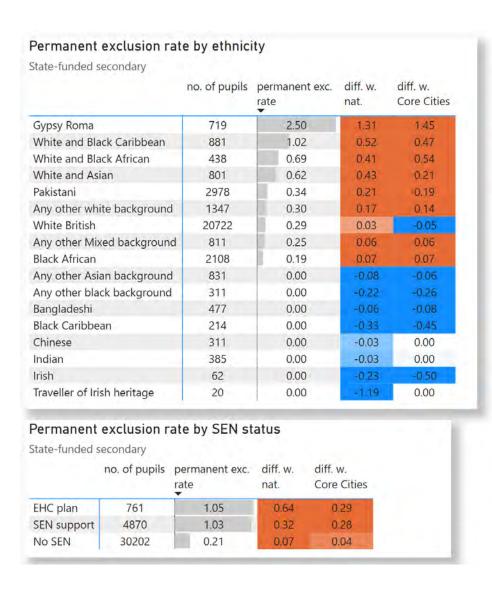


tate-funded primar				
	no. of pupils	exc. rate	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
NC Year 6	6517	0.06	0.02	0.00
NC Year 2	6279	0.03	0.01	0.01
NC Year 3	6294	0.03	0.01	0.00
NC Year 4	6140	0.02	-0.01	-0.03
NC Year 1 and belo	w 15809	0.01	0.00	0.00
NC Year 5	6295	0.00	-0.04	-0.03
Note: Secondary phas Permanent excl State-funded primar	usion rate by	y FSM status		
Permanent excl	usion rate by y no. of pupils			s. diff. w. Core Cities
Permanent excl	usion rate by y no. of pupils	y FSM status	diff. w.	diff. w.



#### Exclusions – permanent exclusions by pupil group - secondary (2022/23)

- In the secondary phase in 2022/23 the permanent exclusion rate for the majority of pupil groups was above the national and Core Cities average.
- The gap between Sheffield and national was highest for pupils from Gypsy Roma, White & Black Caribbean and White & Black African pupils.
- The gaps between
   Sheffield and national for exclusions rates for pupils with SEN and pupils eligible for free school meals are also higher.



	no. of pup	ils permanent exc. rate	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
NC Year 10	6047	0.76	0.40	0.33
IC Year 8	6052	0.48	0.20	0.08
NC Year 9	6123	0.47	0.12	0.07
NC Year 7	6145	0.16	0.01	-0.02
NC Year 11	5870	0.10	-0.01	-0.01
NC Year 1 and belo	w 444	0.00	-0.01	0.00
NC Year 12 and abo	ove 4426	0.00	-0.01	0.00
NC Year 2	164	0.00	-0.01	0.00
NC Year 3	160	0.00	-0.02	0.00
NC Year 4	162	0.00	-0.04	-0.12
NC Year 5	120	0.00	-0.05	-0.02
VC Year 6	120	0.00	-0.05	-0.14
ote: Secondary phas ermanent excl rate-funded second	usion rate by	y FSM status	diff. w.	diff. w.
		rate	nat.	Core Cities
FSM - Eligible	10687	rate ▼ 0.76	nat. 0.16	0.22



#### Exclusions & suspensions summary



#### **Outcomes for children and young people**

- In 2022/23 around 4,069 young people in Sheffield were suspended from school on one or more occasion.
- Young people who were eligible for free school meals and young people with special education needs were over 3 times more likely to be suspended compared to young people without these characteristics.
- 134 young people were permanently excluded from school in 2022/23. This represents 40 more young people than the national average for permanent exclusion and an increase compared to 2021/22 when Sheffield was 27 exclusions above the national average. These excess exclusions were in the secondary phase as the primary rate of permanent exclusion was below the national average in 2022/23.



#### **Trails for further investigation**

- **4.1** How can further analysis of the patterns of suspension and permanent exclusion (including reasons for exclusion) for young people by pupil characteristics (including ethnicity) support the development of policy and practice?
- **4.2** What does further analysis of the relationship between suspension, exclusion, alternative provision and other types of provision tell us about what works to reduce suspensions and exclusions?

## Overview

- 1 Ofsted inspection judgements
- 2 Pupil characteristics & SEND
- 3 Attendance
- 4 Exclusions
- 5 Attainment & progress

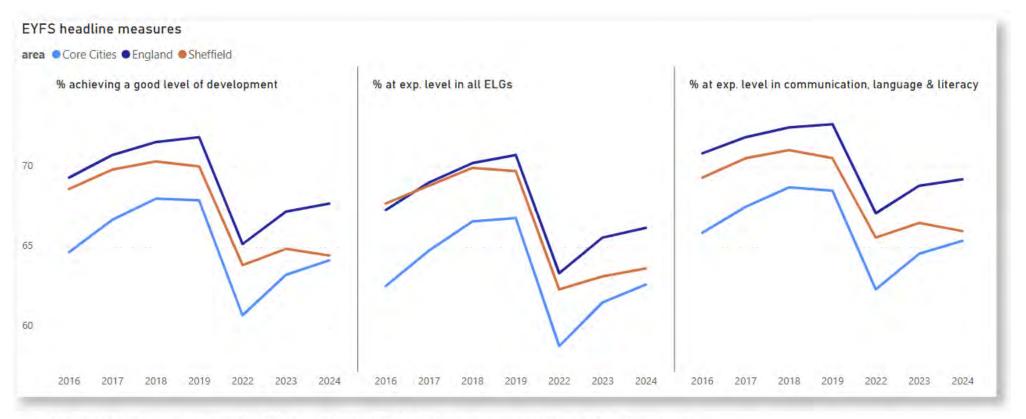
Last updated: January 2025

**Next updates: January 2026** 



#### Early Years Foundation Stage – attainment trends

- 64.5% of children in Sheffield in 2024 achieved a good level of development in Sheffield (a drop of 0.5% points since 2023) compared to 67.7% nationally.
- As performance in Sheffield declined slightly and national performance improved, the gap between Sheffield and national has widened to 3.2% points.
- Sheffield is still slightly above the Core Cities average but the gap between Sheffield and Core Cities has narrowed.

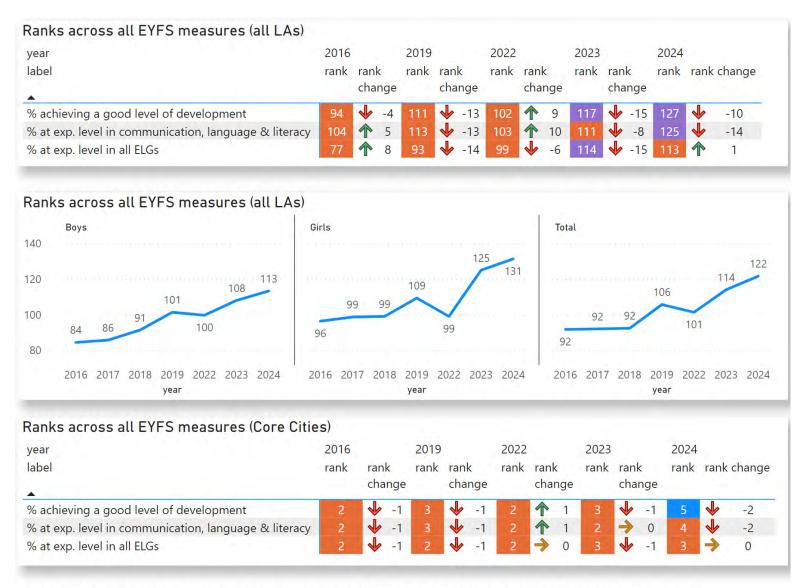


Note: the EYFS framework was revised in 2022 so results prior to 2022 are not directly comparable to results from 2022 onwards.



#### Early Years Foundation Stage – national and Core Cities ranks

- Sheffield's national rank across the EYFS headline measures has worsened over time. In 2024 the rank for the % of children achieving a good level of development remains in the bottom quartile and has dropped 10 places since 2023
- The relative performance of girls in Sheffield was worse than boys in 2024 (girls had an overall rank of 131 compared to 113 for boys).
- Sheffield was in the top 3
   Core Cities for performance at Foundation Stage from 2016 to 2023 but is now 5th.

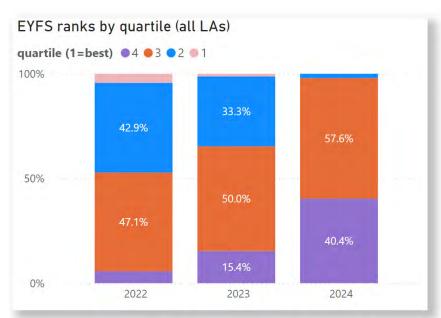


Note: the EYFS framework was revised in 2022 so results prior to 2022 are not directly comparable to results from 2022 onwards.



#### Early Years Foundation Stage – ranks by area of learning

- Sheffield's rank worsened across all individual Early Learning Goals.
- 40% of EYFS measures are now ranked in the bottom quartile with the mathematics and literacy Early Learning Goals having the lowest ranks out of all Early Learning Areas.



year Measure	2023 rank	rank	change	2024 rank	rank	change
% achieving a good level of development	117	<b>₽</b>	-15	127	•	-10
% at exp. level in communication, language & literacy	111	1	-8	125	1	-14
% at exp. level in communication, language & literacy % at exp. level in all ELGs	114	1	-15	113	1	1
Av. No. of ELGs at exp. level	77	1	-6	104	<b>₩</b>	-27
All prime area ELGs	89	1	-37	118	<b>↓</b>	-29
All communication and language ELGs	73	1	-19	103	1	-30
Listening, attention and understanding	63	1	-20	98	Ť.	-35
Speaking	73	1	-14	111	1	-38
All personal, social and emotional development ELGs	70	Ť.	-22	110	Ť	-40
Self-regulation	56	<b>↓</b>	-12	106	Ť.	-50
Managing self	55	<b>↓</b>	-12	104	Į.	-49
Building relationships	63	1	-27	92	<b>↓</b>	-29
All physical development ELGs	46	Į.	-13	96	Į.	-50
Gross motor skills	14	1	-3	60	1	-46
Fine motor skills	48	<b>↓</b>	-10	89	1	-41
All specific area ELGs	112	1	-10	117	1	-5
All literacy ELGs	117	1	-10	124	1	-7
Comprehension	88	1	-14	113	1	-25
Word reading	112	1	4	117	1	-5
Writing	112	1	-4	123	1	-11
All mathematics ELGs	113	1	-6	126	1	-13
Number	112	1	-3	130	1	-18
Numerical patterns	110	>	0	126	1	-16
All understanding the world ELGs	85	1	-11	110	1	-25
Past and present	84	1	-2	113	1	-29
People, culture and communities	83	1	-7	107	1	-24
The natural world	72	1	-7	106	1	-34
All expressive arts and design ELGs	59	1	-12	102	1	-43
Creating with materials	57	1	-7	104	1	-47
Being imaginative and expressive	62	1	-12	99	1	-37



# Early Years Foundation Stage – pupil groups, % achieving a good level of development (2024)

- The tables show the % of pupils achieving a good level of development (GLD) by pupil group and the difference between Sheffield and the national average.
- White British children and children who are not eligible for FSM achieved above the national and Core Cities average but many vulnerable groups were below national and Core Cities.
- Although performance in Sheffield is better than Core Cities for some pupil groups, for children with EAL performance was 2.7% points lower in Sheffield compared to the Core Cities average and performance was 2.4% points lower for children eligible for FSM.

group	No. of pupils	Sheffield	diff. with nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
Traveller of Irish heritage	2	100.0	64.7	50.0
Irish	9	88.9	16.1	3,8
Chinese	38	81.6	3.5	6.6
Bangladeshi	63	73.0	7.6	11.9
White and Asian	144	71.5	-3.3	0.5
English / Welsh / Scottish / Northern Irish / British	3302	70.3	0.5	2.6
White and Black African	86	66.3	-1.7	1.7
Any other White background	221	61.5	-5.2	0.2
White and Black Caribbean	182	59.9	-5.3	-6.1
Any other Mixed / Multiple ethnic background	150	59.3	-9.7	-5.4
Any other Asian background	128	57.8	-7.7	-2.2
African	422	56.9	-5.8	-4.0
Any other ethnic group	227	56.8	-3.4	-1.1
Indian	127	55.9	-15.2	-10.4
Pakistani	432	55.3	-7.3	-3.3
Unknown	219	50.7	0.3	6.3
Any other Black / African / Caribbean background	69	46.4	-13.5	-12.2
Caribbean	31	41.9	-20.4	-11.3
Gypsy / Roma	103	30.1	-5.3	2.7

gender	No. of pupils	Sheffield	diff. with nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
Boys	3034	58.0	-2.7	1.0
Girls	2921	71.2	-3,8	-0.4
Total	5955	64.5	-3.2	0.3
<b>% of pu</b> group	pils achi No. of pupils	eving GLD by fir Sheffield	est language diff. with nat.	diff. w. Core
Not EAL	4398	68.0	-1.7	0.8
EAL	1394	55.9	-7.6	-2.7
			SM status	
	No. of pupils	eving GLD by FS Sheffield		diff. w. Core Cities
% <b>of pu</b> group ▼ not FSM	No. of		diff. with	71111

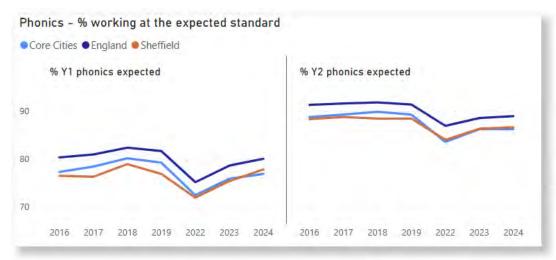
group	No. of pupils	Sheffield	diff. with nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
Autumn-born	2099	74.3	-1.3	1.2
Spring-born	1434	64.6	-4.9	-1.0
Summer-born	2422	56.0	-4.0	0.2

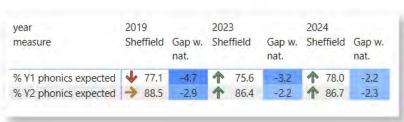
group	No. of pupils	Sheffield	diff. with nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
EHC plan	179	1.7	-2.1	-0.9
SEN support	695	21.3	-3.6	-0.9
No SEN	4957	73.6	-2.0	0.7

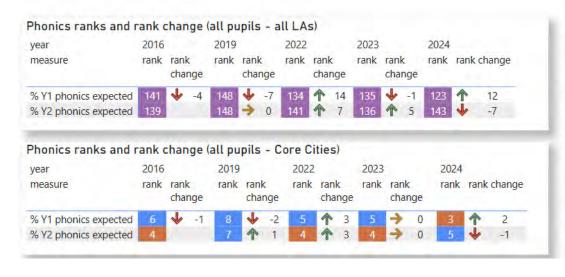


#### Phonics – national ranks & trends

- The national rank for Y1 phonics improved from 135 to 123 between 2023 and 2024, Sheffield is now 3<sup>rd</sup> out of Core Cities for Y1 phonics and the gap with national has narrowed from 3 to 2 % points.
- The % of pupils working at the expected standard in Y2 remained similar between 2023 and 2024. Sheffield's rank has dropped to 143 nationally, 5<sup>th</sup> Core City.











## Y1 phonics – pupil groups (2024)

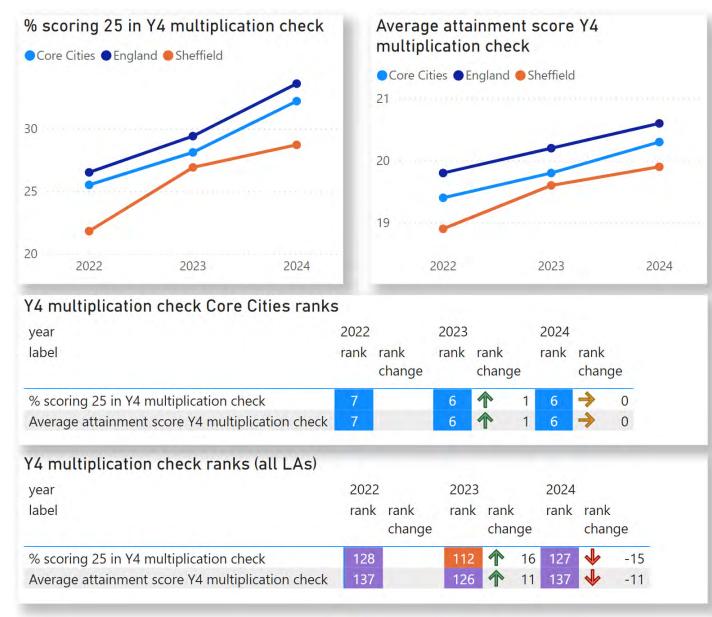
- The majority of pupil groups have seen an improvement in the % working at the expected level since 2023.
- Gaps have closed since 2019 for EAL, FSM and SEN pupils.
- Although gaps are closing for some vulnerable groups, there are still large attainment gaps between different pupil groups.
- Many ethnic minority groups have attainment below the level for White British children.

Year gender	No. of pupils	result	change since 2019	change since 2023		Year	2024		i	
All pupils	6293	78.0	0.9	2.4		Ethnic group	No. of pupils	result	change since 2019	change since 2023
Boys	3129	73.6	0.3	2.0						
Girls	3164	82.4	1.2	2.6		Any Other Asian Background	165	77.6	10.1	2.4
						Any Other Black Background	59	64.4	-16.0	-13.4
						Any Other Ethnic Background	158	71.5	7.2	-0.1
Year		2024			2000	Any Other Mixed Background	149	76.5	-1.4	-1.7
group		No. of	result	change	change	Any Other White Background	125	80.8	-11.2	10.9
		pupils		since 2019	since 2023	Bangladeshi	83	73.5	-5.1	-7.1
All pupils						Caribbean	20	50.0	-10.0	-16.7
All pupil	s	6293	78.0	0.9	2.4	Chinese	39	84.6	-10.6	-2.6
<b>□</b> Disadvan	tage status					Indian	165	75.2	-13.6	5.2
Disadvar	ntaged	1982	66.6	1.7	2.7	Other Black African	420	76.0	-5.0	3.4
Not disa	dvantaged	4210	84.5	1.8	2.0	Pakistani	497	77.1	3.6	3.8
First lang	Continued as the reserve for the Ballion					Somali	68	72.1	-6.1	0.8
EAL		1639	70.4	3.2	2.2	Unknown	90	73.3	1.5	5.0
Not EAL		4630	80.8	0.7	2.6	White and Any Other Asian	114	91.2	12.4	5.5
Free scho	ol meals statu	ıs				White and Asian Pakistani	45	75.6	9.7	2.8
FSM		1946	66.6	3.1	2.7	White and Black African	69	78.3	4.1	0.6
Not FSM	1	4347	83.1	1.6	1.9	White and Black Caribbean	184	76.6	2.3	5.8
SEN statu	ıs					White British	3517	81.3	0.9	2.3
EHCP		205	13.7	4.2	-2.4	White East European	106	64.2	-6.4	-4.2
No SEN		5134	86.2	1.9	3.0	White Gypsy/Roma	124	33.1	22.0	11.7
SEN Sup	port	868	49.3	5.7	3.5	White Irish	9	55.6	-11.1	-11,1
1 - 2 - 7 - 7 - 7	Escape.	1				White Traveller of Irish Heritage	3	33.3	-46.7	33.3
						Yemeni	84	76.2	8.1	6.5



#### Y4 multiplication check – trends and ranks

- In 2024, 28.7% of pupils scored 25 (full marks) in the Y4 multiplication tables check compared to 33.6% nationally and 32.2% in Core Cities.
- The gap between Sheffield and national increased from 2.5% points in 2023 to 4.9% points in 2024.
- Sheffield's ranks have dropped back to 2022 performance after an improvement in 2023. Sheffield is in the bottom quartile and the lower half of Core Cities for both headline measures in the Y4 multiplication check.





## Y4 multiplication check – pupil groups (2024)

- Sheffield's average mark was lower than Core Cities across most pupil groups in 2024. The gap was particularly large for pupils of Pakistani ethnicity.
- Gaps with national and Core Cities were larger for pupils with EAL, FSM and SEND. The gap with national and Core Cities was also larger for girls.

group	pupils	Sheffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
Asian - Chinese	52	22.8	-0.9	-0.5
Asian - Indian	107	22.0	-0.9	-0.5
White - Irish	7	21.4	1.0	1.1
Asian - Bangladeshi	95	21.3	-1.0	-0.6
Black - Black African	390	21.3	-0.7	-0.4
Asian - Any other Asian background	172	20.8	-1.6	-0.6
Mixed - Any other Mixed background	163	20.7	-0.6	-0.1
Mixed - White and Black African	87	20.5	-0.4	0.0
Mixed - White and Asian	136	20.4	-1.3	-0.6
Any other ethnic group	256	20.2	-1.1	-0.7
White - Any other White background	248	20.1	-1.2	-0.2
Asian - Pakistani	523	19.9	-1.9	-1.2
Black - Any other Black background	67	19.9	-1.3	-1.1
White - White British	3573	19.8	-0.3	0.1
Black - Black Caribbean	42	19.4	-0.7	0.1
Mixed - White and Black Caribbean	161	19.2	-0.3	0.2
Unclassified	106	17.4	-1.7	-1.1
White - Traveller of Irish heritage	5	15.6	0.6	0.1
White - Gypsy / Roma	75	11.9	-3.5	-2.1

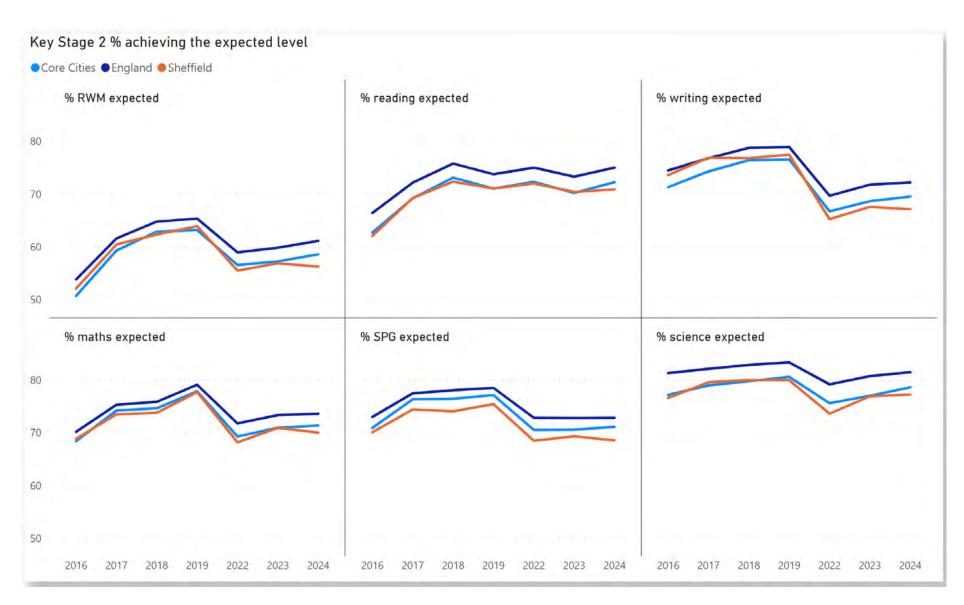
group	pupils	Sheffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
EHC plan	96	13.2	-2.0	-1.0
No SEN	5014	21.0	-0.6	-0.2
SEN support	1104	16.0	-0.8	-0.6

gender p	oupils S	heffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
All pupils	6265	19.9	-0.7	-0.4
Boys	3244	20.3	-0.6	-0.3
Girls	3021	19.5	-0.9	-0.5
				Core Cities
Name of Street, Street	4661		-0.	5 -0.1
Market Carlot Market State of the Control of the Co	And in concession to		-0. -1.	5 -0.1
other than Englis Average score	in Y4	20.1 multiplica	-1.	5 -0.1 7 -0.9 ck by FSM
other than Englis Average score	in Y4	20.1	-1.	5 -0.1 7 -0.9 ck by FSM
English other than Englis Average score eligibility group FSM eligible	in Y4	20.1 multiplica	-1. tion che	5 -0.1 7 -0.9 ck by FSM diff. w. Core Cities



#### Key Stage 2 – attainment trends – expected level

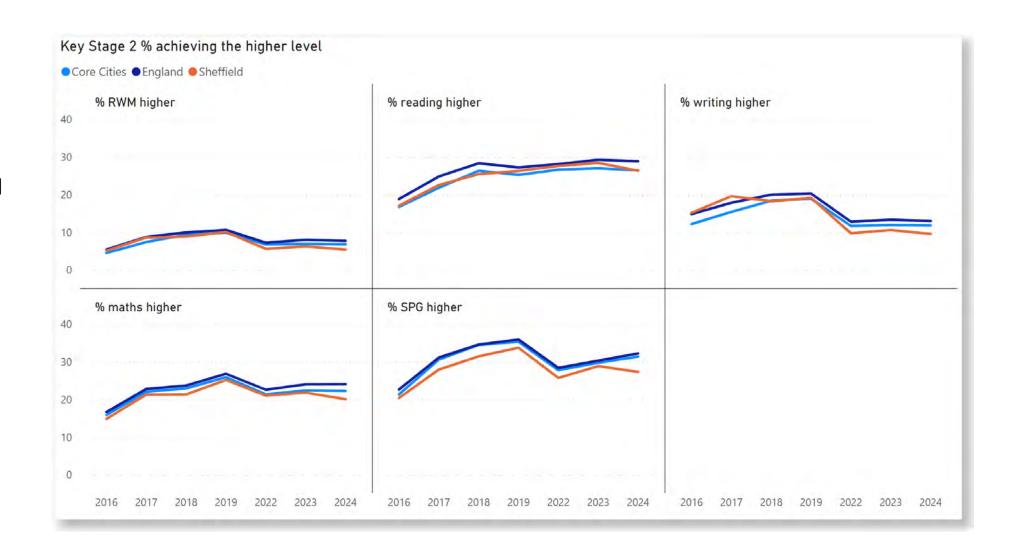
- In 2024, 56.3% of pupils achieved the expected standard in reading, writing and maths, compared to 61.1% nationally.
- The gap with national increased for all measures and is now around 4% points.
- In 2023, KS2
   performance was
   similar to the Core
   Cities average across
   most measures but in
   2024 Sheffield was
   around 2% points
   below the Core Cities
   average.





## Key Stage 2 – attainment trends – higher standard

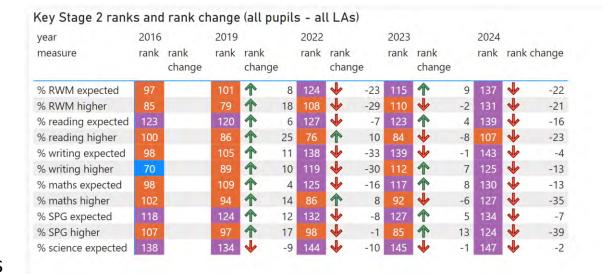
- In 2024, 5.4% of pupils achieved the higher standard in reading, writing and maths, compared to 7.7% nationally.
- The gap with national increased for all measures and is now nearly 5% points for spelling, punctuation and grammar.
- In 2023, KS2
   performance was
   similar to the Core
   Cities average across
   most measures but
   Sheffield was around
   2% points below the
   Core Cities average in
   2024.

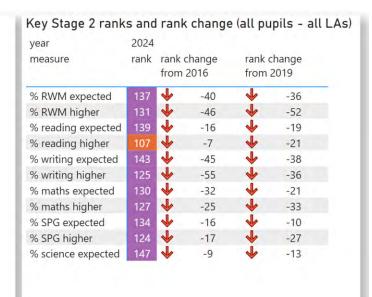


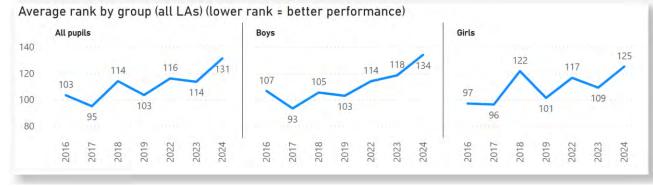


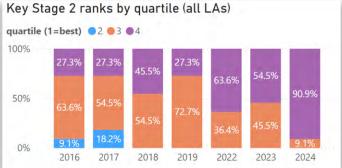
#### Key Stage 2 – national ranks

- The national rank worsened for all KS2 measures between 2023 and 2024 and all measures (apart from reading at the higher standard) are now in the bottom quartile.
- The average rank across all measures is worse for boys (134) compared to girls (125).
- Results for %
   achieving the
   expected standard in
   writing and science
   were amongst the
   bottom 10 LAs
   nationally in 2024.





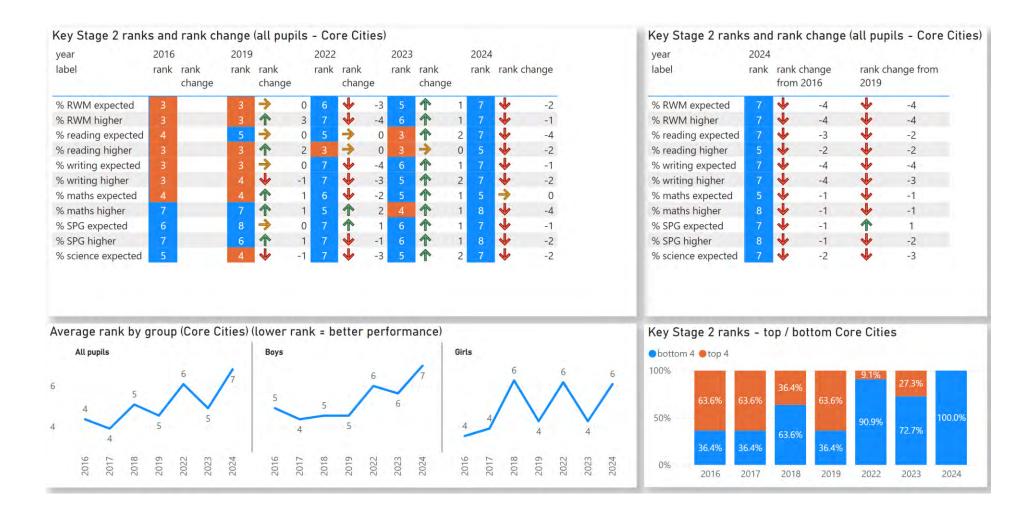






#### Key Stage 2 – Core Cities ranks

- Sheffield was ranked 7<sup>th</sup> overall out of Core Cities in 2024.
- In 2016, 64% of KS2 indicators were in the top half of Core Cities compared to only 0% in 2024.

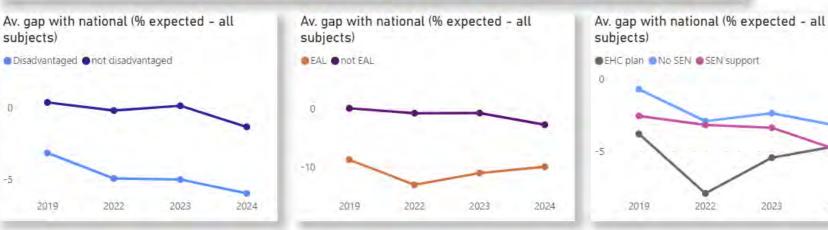




#### Key Stage 2 – attainment gaps 2024 (EAL, FSM, SEN)

- The table shows the gap with national for the same pupil group in 2024.
- The line charts show the average gap across all measures over time.
- Sheffield was below the national average for all pupil groups in 2024.
   The gaps with national were larger for the more vulnerable groups.
- The largest gaps are for pupils with EAL, although this gap has been reducing. The gap with national for disadvantaged pupils has almost doubled since 2019 to 6% points.





2024



#### Key Stage 2 – attainment gaps 2024 (ethnicity)

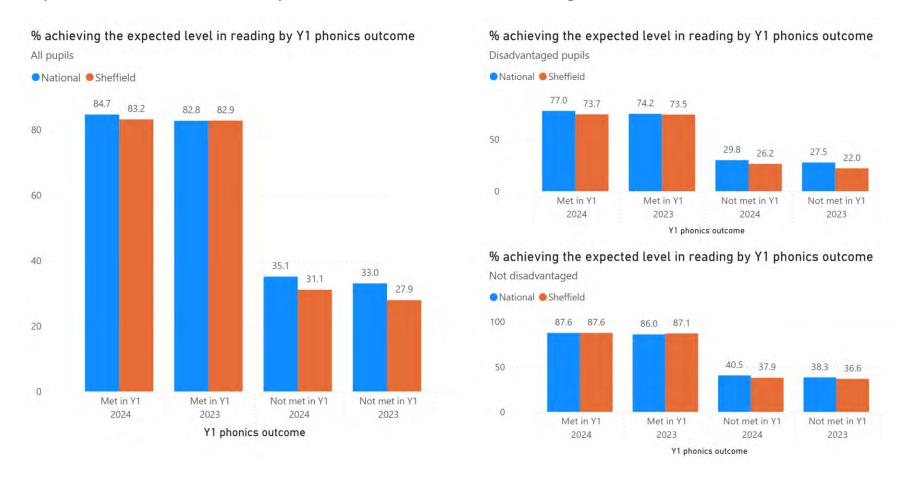
- The table shows the gap with national for the same pupil group in 2024 by ethnicity.
- Some pupil groups outperformed the national average in 2024, but they tended to be relatively small in terms of the overall cohort.
- There were a number of ethnic groups with 100+ pupils where the gap with national was more than 10% points for the combined measure in 2024.

subject	% RWM	expected	% reading expected	9	% writing expected		% maths expected		% SPG ex	pected	% science expected	
ethnic group (no. of pupils)	Sheffield	gap w. nat.	Sheffield	gap w. nat.		gap w. nat.	Sheffield	gap w. nat.	Sheffield	gap w. nat.	Sheffield	gap w nat.
White - Gypsy / Roma (123)	7.3	-17.6	16.3	-18.3	15.5	=#5.0°	8.9	-21.8	8.1	-19.5	18.7	-23.0
Black - Black Caribbean (19)	36.8	-16.1	42.1	-29,4	52.6	-13.8	63.2	-1.2	57.9	-11.0	63.2	-13.7
Unclassified (96)	44.2	-4.1	62.5	-1.2	54.7	-4.5	55.2	-6.9	58.3	-4.2	66.3	-2.9
Mixed - White and Black Caribbean (189)	42.3	-10.1	63,5	-8.2	60,3	-5.8	52.9	-10.6	59,3	-7.1	68.3	-8.0
White - Irish (12)	50.0	-15.5	66.7	-12.4	58.3	-15.4	66.7	-8.0	58,3	-15.7	75.0	-7.7
Any other ethnic group (268)	50.0	-9,7	60.1	-10.2	65,3	-3.9	67.5	-8,0	62,3	-10.6	75,4	-3.1
Black - Any other Black background (53)	50.9	-9.4	66.0	-7.8	62,3	-9.9	69.8	-1.6	71.7	-4.2	69,8	-9.9
Asian - Pakistani (505)	56.4	-5.5	70,5	-2.1	68,5	-4,6	68.5	-8.1	69.7	-7.6	73,5	-6.7
Mixed - White and Black African (72)	55.6	-7.0	73.6	-3.6	65.3	-8.5	69.4	-3.9	72.2	-4.1	72.2	-10,
Asian - Any other Asian background (164)	56.7	-12,6	70,7	-5.9	66,5	-11.4	73.8	-9.5	74.4	-7.6	72,0	-12/
Black - Black African (413)	57.5	-6.5	71,2	-5.0	67.8	-6.4	70.8	-5.4	72.7	-6.7	76.3	-5.6
White - White British (3829)	57.2	-2.1	72.7	-2.0	68.4	-2.7	71.3	-0.2	68.8	-1.4	80.1	-1.1
Mixed - White and Asian (143)	62.2	-9.5	76.9	-5.2	66.4	-13.9	74.1	-7.2	76.9	-4.5	79.7	⇒7.1
Mixed - Any other Mixed background (140)	62.9	-3.5	75.7	-3.2	69,3	-7.1	76.4	-0.5	74.3	-3.8	80.0	-4.3
White - Any other White background (238)	63.5	-0.6	75.2	-0.4	72,3	-2.1	78.6	0.3	74.0	-1.8	80.7	-2.9
White - Traveller of Irish heritage (4)	75.0	55.5	75.0	39.5	75.0	43.9	75.0	46.6	75.0	45,9	75.0	35.5
Asian - Bangladeshi (76)	69.7	-1.8	81.6	1.8	79.0	-1.5	75.0	-8.0.	80.3	-4.2	84.2	-0.9
Asian - Chinese (53)	79.3	2,3	81,1	-2.1	81,1	-0.7	96.2	1/1	83,0	-3.5	86.8	-3.8
Asian - Indian (94)	78.7	3.1	89.4	6.8	81.9	-1.1	97.9	9.4	95.7	8.1	91.5	28



## Key Stage 2 – Progress from Y1 phonics to KS2 reading

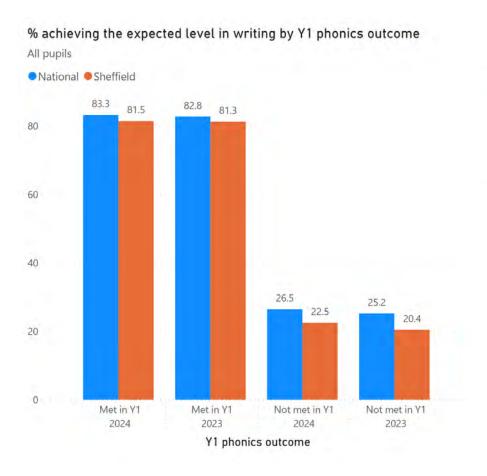
- There will be no progress measures this year as pupils have no KS1 results. The DfE have not announced an alternative measure.
- National progress from Y1 phonics to KS2 was first published in 2023 and 2024 figures have also been released.
- Progress from Y1
   phonics to KS2 reading
   for those that met the
   phonics standard in Y1
   was the same as the
   national average for
   non-disadvantaged
   pupils in 2024 but
   below the national
   average for
   disadvantaged pupils.
- For those who didn't meet the phonics standard in Y1, pupils in Sheffield were less likely to achieve the expected standard in reading compared to the national average.

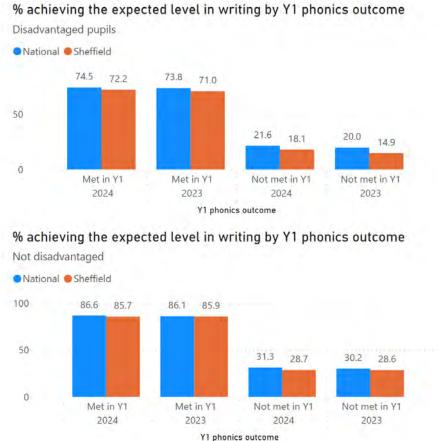




#### Key Stage 2 – Progress from Y1 phonics to KS2 writing

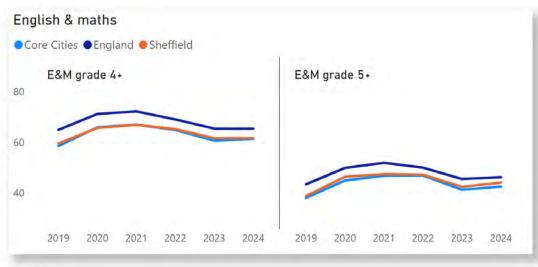
- Progress from Y1
   phonics to KS2 writing
   in Sheffield was below
   the national average in
   2023 and 2024
   regardless of
   achievement in Y1
   phonics or
   disadvantage status.
- The gap between
   Sheffield and national
   was smallest for pupils
   who are not
   disadvantaged and who
   met the phonics
   standard in Y1.

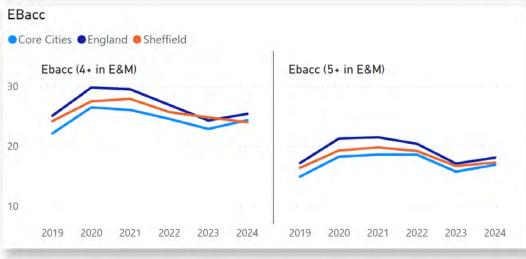


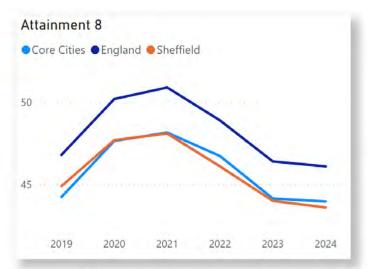


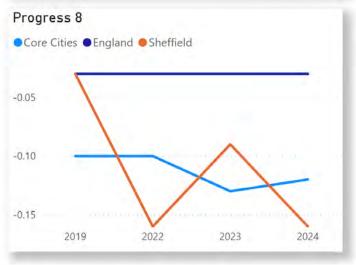
#### Key Stage 4 – attainment & progress trends

- Average attainment 8 decreased in 2024 compared to 2023, nationally and in Sheffield.
- The % of pupils achieving a grade 4+ in English & maths remained similar at 61.7% in Sheffield compared to 65.4% nationally and the % of pupils achieving a grade 5+ in English & maths increased in Sheffield to 44.1%. Sheffield closed the gap with national on this measure.
- Progress 8 improved in 2023 but has dipped back to 2022 performance in 2024. Sheffield was below the Core Cities average for progress 8 in 2024.











## Key Stage 4 – additional indicators (2024)

- Additional measures are published in the Performance Tables data release from the DfE.
- The gap between Sheffield and national progress 8 was largest for pupils with low prior attainment in 2024.
- The gap with national for progress 8 elements was largest for the open element and smallest for maths.
- The attainment gap was largest for the Ebacc humanities subject area and English.
- Sheffield was above national average for the language subject area (out of pupils entered).

Indicator	National	Sheffield	difference
Adjusted Progress 8 measure - non-mobile pupils	0.00	-0.13	-0.13
Adjusted Progress 8 measure - pupils with high prior attainment	0.02	-0.12	-0.14
Adjusted Progress 8 measure - pupils with low prior attainment	-0.14	-0.32	-0.18
Adjusted Progress 8 measure - pupils with middle prior attainment	-0.01	-0.11	-0.10
Progress 8 measure after adjustment for extreme scores	-0.03	-0.16	-0.13
Progress 8 measure for EBacc element	-0.03	-0.18	-0.15
Progress 8 measure for English element	-0.04	-0.17	-0.13
Progress 8 measure for mathematics element	-0.03	-0.09	-0.06
Progress 8 measure for open element	-0.04	-0.21	-0.17

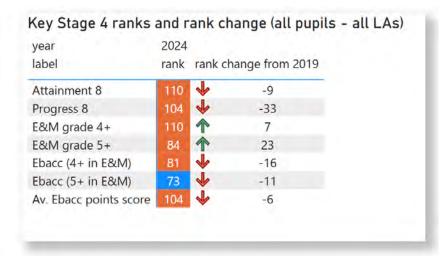
Indicator	National	Sheffield	difference
% of entered pupils achieving the EBacc Humanities subject area with a 9-4 pass	63	59	-4
% of entered pupils achieving the EBacc Humanities subject area with a 9-5 pass	51	47	-4
% of entered pupils achieving the EBacc Language subject area with a 9-4 pass	72	74	2
% of entered pupils achieving the EBacc Language subject area with a 9-5 pass	58	61	3
% of entered pupils achieving the EBacc Science subject area with a 9-4 pass	66	62	-3
% of entered pupils achieving the EBacc Science subject area with a 9-5 pass	47	45	-3
% of pupils achieving the EBacc Maths subject area with a standard 9-4 pass	70	67	-3
% of pupils achieving the EBacc Maths subject area with a strong 9-5 pass	52	50	-2
% of pupils achieving the EBacc English subject area with a standard 9-4 pass	75	70	-4
% of pupils achieving the EBacc English subject area with a strong 9-5 pass	60	57	-4

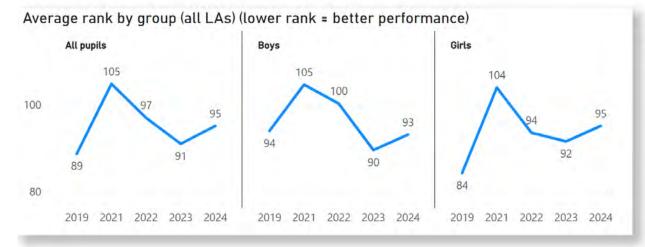


#### Key Stage 4 – national ranks

- Overall national ranks have not changed significantly since 2023.
- The rank for attainment 8 has moved into the 3<sup>rd</sup> quartile which means Sheffield had no measures ranked in the bottom quartile at Key Stage 4 in 2024.

year	2019		2021			2022			2023			2024		
label	rank	rank change	rank	rank cha	-	rank	ran cha	k nge	rank	ran cha	k nge	rank	rank	change
Attainment 8	101		118	1	-3	121	1	-3	114	1	7	110	1	4
Progress 8	71					106	1	-35	86	1	20	104	1	-18
E&M grade 4+	117		125	1	1	112	1	13	111	1	1	110	1	1
E&M grade 5+	107		114	1	-8	88	1	26	99	1	-11	84	1	15
Ebacc (4+ in E&M)	65		79	1	1	75	1	4	59	1	16	81	1	-22
Ebacc (5+ in E&M)	62		80	1	1	69	1	11	66	1	3	73	4	-7
Av. Ebacc points score	98		113	1	-4	108	1	5	102	1	6	104	1	-2





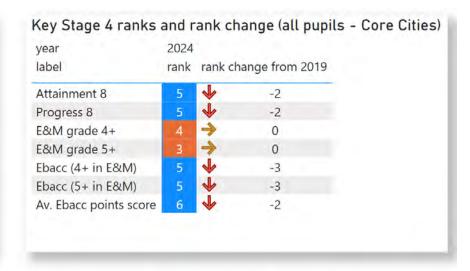


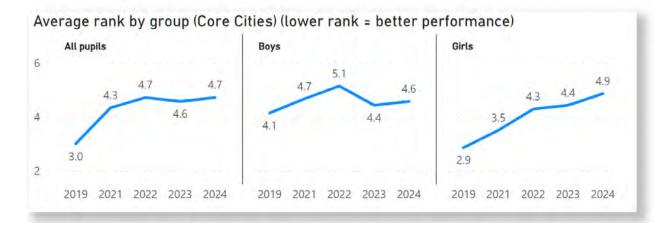


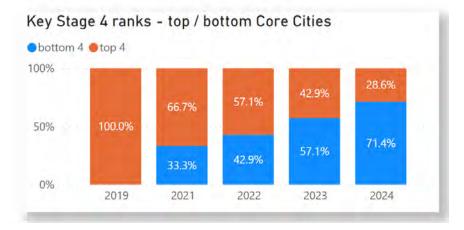
#### Key Stage 4 – Core Cities ranks

- Sheffield's rank amongst Core Cities has been gradually worsening since 2019.
- In 2019 Sheffield was 3<sup>rd</sup> Core City for KS4 performance but was 5<sup>th</sup> in 2024.

year	2019		2021			2022			2023			2024		
label	rank	rank change	rank	rank chai	,	rank	rank		rank	rank		rank	rank	change
Attainment 8	3		4	>	0	6	1	-2	5	1	1	5	>	0
Progress 8	3					5	1	-2	5	>	0	5	>	0
E&M grade 4+	4		5	1	1	4	1	1	4	>	0	4	>	0
E&M grade 5+	3		5	1	-2	4	1	1	4	>	0	3	1	1
Ebacc (4+ in E&M)	2		4	->	0	4	$\Rightarrow$	0	4	>	0	5	1	-1
Ebacc (5+ in E&M)	2		4	>	0	4	>	0	5	1	-1	5	>	0
Av. Ebacc points score	4		4	1	1	6	1	-2	5	1	1	6	1	-1









#### Key Stage 4 – gaps with national

- On average, the gap between Sheffield and national worsened slightly compared to 2023 but is still better than in 2019.
- Gaps closed for the two English & maths performance measures but increased for all other measures.
- The gaps with national in Sheffield were slightly larger for girls compared to boys in 2024.





#### Key Stage 4 – pupil group results and gaps (2024)

- The tables below show results for each pupil group and the gap with the national and Core Cities average for the same group.
- Sheffield was below national for most groups, the gaps were largest for EAL, SEN support and FSM6 pupils.
- Sheffield was significantly below the Core Cities average for pupils with EAL, eligible for FSM/FSM6 and with SEN support.

Attainment 8				Progress 8				E&M grade 4+			
group	Sheffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities	group	Sheffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities	group	Sheffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
☐ All pupils				☐ All pupils				☐ All pupils			
All pupils	43.60	-2.50	-0.38	All pupils	-0.16	-0.13	-0.04	All pupils	61.70	-3.70	0.30
☐ Disadvantage				☐ Disadvantage				☐ Disadvantage			
FSM6	30.90	-3.80	-3.02	FSM6	-0.76	-0.19	-0.17	FSM6	38.20	-5.50	-4.46
not FSM6	49.90	-0.30	-0.38	not FSM6	0.12	-0.04	-0.06	not FSM6	73.20	0.10	0.06
☐ First language				☐ First language				☐ First language			
EAL	42.00	-7.70	-4.40	EAL	0.10	-0.41	-0.35	EAL	56.90	-12.80	-7.21
not EAL	44.10	-1.30	1.00	not EAL	-0.22	-0.09	0.07	not EAL	63.00	-1.50	2.78
☐ Free school meals				☐ Free school meals	s			☐ Free school meals			
FSM	30.90	-3.80	-2.99	FSM	-0.77	-0.20	-0.18	FSM	38.30	-5.30	-4.10
not FSM	49.50	-0.20	-0.13	not FSM	0.11	-0.03	-0.04	not FSM	72.40	0.10	0.41
☐ SEN status				☐ SEN status				☐ SEN status			
EHCP	10.90	-3,30	0.61	EHCP	-1,52	-0.39	-0.12	EHCP	12.30	-0.70	2.82
No SEN	48.30	-1.70	0.06	No SEN	0.01	-0.09	-0.03	No SEN	70.20	-2.60	1.15
SEN Support	28.10	-5.00	-3.66	SEN Support	-0.69	-0.24	-0.18	SEN Support	29.40	-8.40	-6.79



#### Key Stage 4 – pupil group results and gaps by ethnicity (2024)

- The tables below show results for each ethnic group and the gap with the national and Core Cities average for the same group.
- Although a number of ethnic groups had a positive progress 8 result, this was generally below the result for the same group nationally and in other Core Cities.
- White British pupils did better than the Core Cities average for both progress 8 and the % achieving a grade 4+ in English & maths. However, we know that rates of disadvantaged are lower in Sheffield for White British pupils compared to other Core Cities.

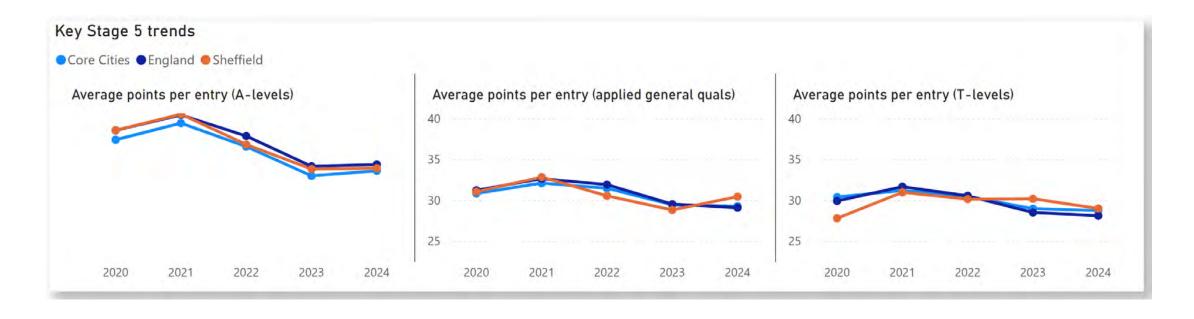
group	pupils S	heffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
☐ All pupils				
All pupils	6104	61.7	-3.7	0.3
☐ Ethnicity minor				
Any other Asian background	130	67.7	-11.4	-3.9
Any other black background	43	62.8	-0.5	3.4
Any other ethnic group	217	57.1	-11.4	-6.2
Any other mixed background	138	62.3	-6.3	-0.4
Any other white background	227	60.4	-9.3	-2.8
Bangladeshi	84	69.0	-5.9	-4.5
Black African	361	68.1	-2.8	0.4
Caribbean	36	55.6	3.0	16.2
Chinese	53	90.6	0.0	-0.4
Gypsy/Roma	118	3.4	-13.6	-7.1
Indian	60	90.0	5.1	3.1
Pakistani	445	63.6	-3.3	-4.3
Traveller of Irish heritage	4	50.0	14.7	15.6
Unclassified	204	59.8	1.1	6.3
White and Asian	127	63.8	-11.0	-4.2
White and Black African	62	58.1	-7.6	-3.6
White and Black Caribbean	146	42.5	-9.9	-8.5
White British	3635	62.7	-0.2	4.8
White Irish	14	78.6	5.9	7.6

group	pupils	Sheffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
☐ All pupils				
All pupils	5735	-0.16	-0.13	-0.04
☐ Ethnicity minor				
Any other Asian background	112	0.44	-0.20	-0.12
Any other black background	32	0.14	-0.05	-0.10
Any other ethnic group	183	-0.03	-0.56	-0.56
Any other mixed background	127	-0.12	-0.24	-0.08
Any other white background	194	0.19	-0.26	-0.16
Bangladeshi	80	-0.08	-0.52	-0.48
Black African	281	0.35	-0.05	-0.11
Caribbean	30	-0.13	0.09	0.02
Chinese	41	1.07	0.03	-0.08
Gypsy/Roma	104	-1.58	-0.74	-1.03
Indian	40	1.11	0.28	0.17
Pakistani	417	0.15	-0.08	-0.16
Traveller of Irish heritage	4	-1.56	-0.61	-0.50
Unclassified	186	-0.26	-0.03	0.18
White and Asian	123	0.17	-0.07	0.05
White and Black African	58	0.00	-0.04	-0.03
White and Black Caribbean	141	-0.74	-0.27	-0.10
White British	3568	-0.26	-0.06	0.15
White Irish	14	-0.76	-0.82	-0.72



#### Key Stage 5 – trends

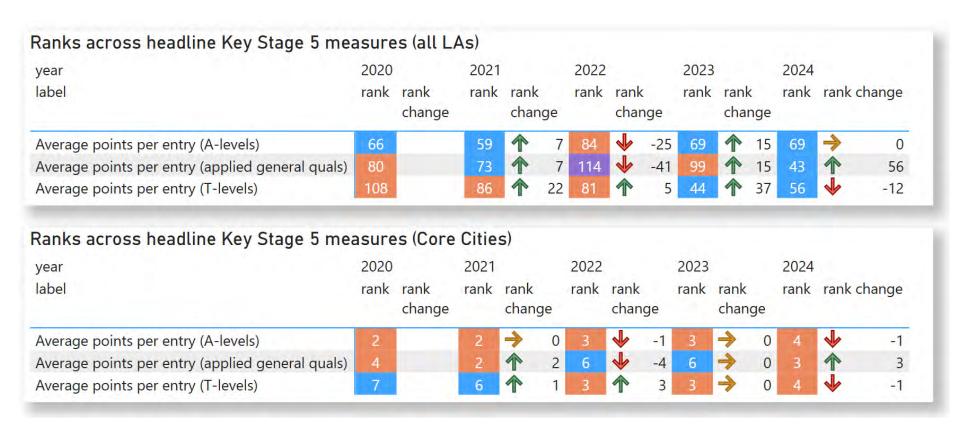
- 2024 is the second year of a return to pre-pandemic grading. Results in Sheffield improved slightly compared to 2023 for A-levels and applied qualifications.
- The average point score (APS) for A-levels in Sheffield in 2024 was 33.9 (C+) compared to 34.4 nationally and 33.6 in Core Cities.
- Sheffield's average point score for applied qualifications was above the national and Core Cities average (30.4 compared to 29.3 in Core Cities and 29.1 nationally).
- Sheffield's APS for technical levels was higher than the national average and Core Cities average but slightly down on 2023. Technical levels are only taken by a small number of students (357 in Sheffield in 2024).





#### Key Stage 5 – ranks

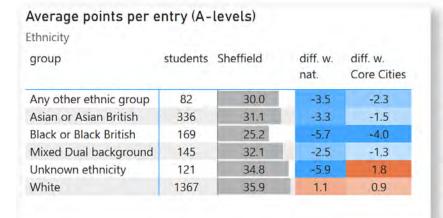
- Sheffield was in the 2<sup>nd</sup> quartile nationally in 2024 (top half of LAs) for all three headline performance measures for the first time since 2019.
- Sheffield was also in the top half of Core Cities for all headline performance measures. There has been an
  improvement in the average points for applied qualifications in 2024 with the national rank improving 56
  places and Sheffield moving from 6<sup>th</sup> to 3<sup>rd</sup> Core City.

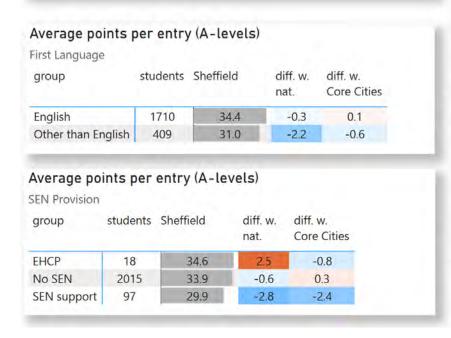




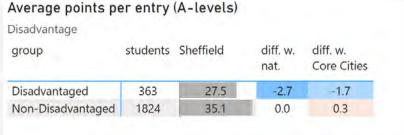
#### Key Stage 5 – student groups – A-levels

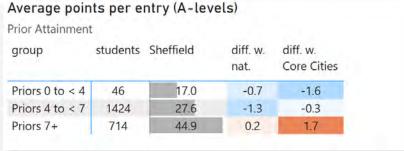
- Whilst Sheffield's APS for A-levels is above Core Cities for all students, there is significant variation within groups. Black, Asian and minority ethnic students, as well as disadvantaged students, did less well compared to these groups in other Core Cities.
- Students with higher prior attainment (7+ at KS4) did better in Sheffield compared to similar students nationally and in other Core Cities.





Sex				
group	students	Sheffield	diff. w. nat.	diff. w. Core Cities
All state-funded students	2220	33.9	-0.5	0.3
Female	1224	34.5	-1.7	0.3
Male	996	33.3	-1.6	0.4

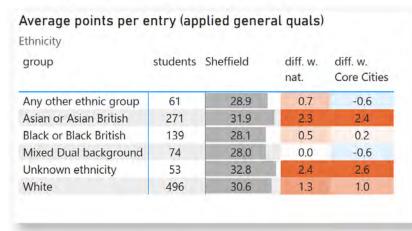


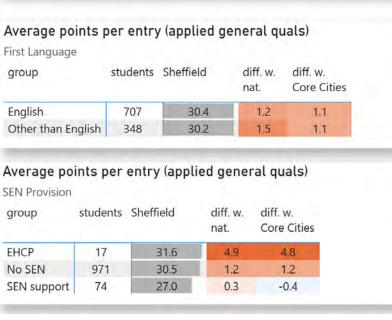


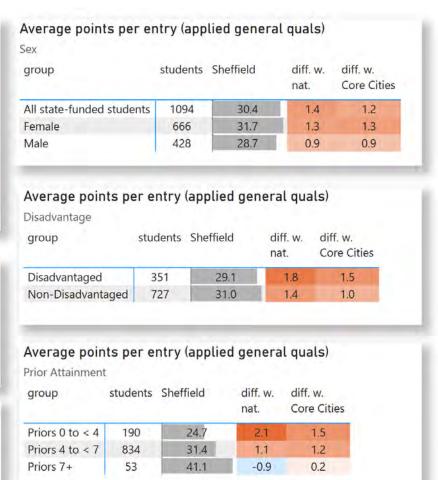


#### Key Stage 5 – student groups – applied general qualifications

- The improvement in average points for applied qualifications is reflected across nearly all pupil groups. Sheffield was above the national average in 2024 for all pupil groups except those with high prior attainment (which is a small group within this cohort).
- Students with lower (grades below 4 at KS4) and disadvantaged students did relatively better in Sheffield compared to the same groups nationally.



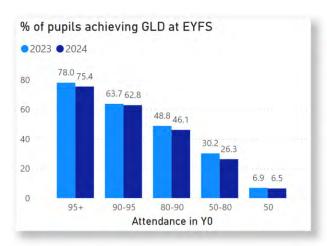


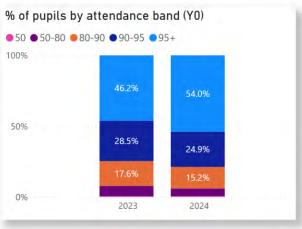


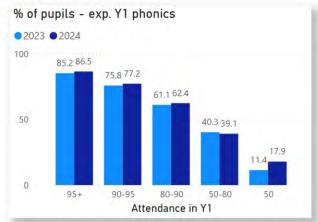


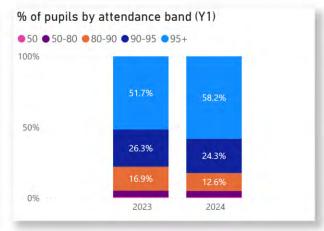
#### Analysis of outcomes by attendance band - primary

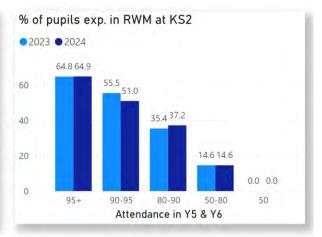
- To explore further the relationship between school attendance and attainment outcomes, 2024 attainment outcomes are presented by attendance band.
- The relationship between attendance and attainment is clear. Improving attendance is likely to result in better performance.
- Overall, attendance at each key stage in the primary phase improved between 2023 and 2024, particularly in Y0 and Y1. However, there was a dip in the average performance across all attendance bands at EYFS and at KS2 performance declined for those with 90-95% attendance.

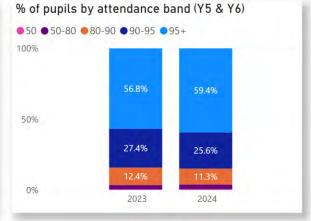








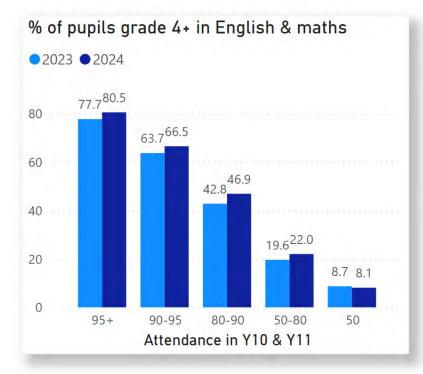


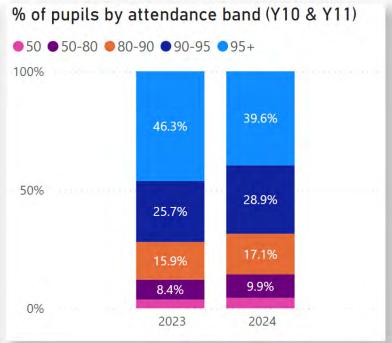




#### Analysis of outcomes by attendance band - secondary

- At KS4 once attendance drops below 90% the chance of achieving a grade 4+ in English and maths drops significantly.
- Although performance across nearly all attendance bands improved between 2023 and 2024, attendance overall worsened.
- Nearly 28% of the KS4 cohort in 2023 had average attendance below 90% in Y10 and Y11 and this increased to 32% in 2024.





#### Attainment & progress summary



#### Outcomes for children and young people

- At each key stage, the gap between attainment in Sheffield and the national average is around 2-5% points. For an average year group of around 6250 pupils this would require an additional 125-250 pupils at each key stage achieving the threshold measure for Sheffield to be at the national average.
- At individual pupil level, factors such as attendance, deprivation and ethnicity impact on outcomes meaning that some pupils are significantly less likely to achieve than others.
- At each key stage (except for phonics) less than half of pupils with attendance below 90% (persistently absent pupils) achieve the required standard at the end of the key stage. This represents around 1250 pupils in each year in primary and 1500 pupils in each year in secondary who have less than a 50% chance of achieving the expected level of attainment if current attendance levels don't improve.



#### Trails for further investigation

- **5.1** What does further analysis of Key Stage 2 outcomes tell us about the possible reasons for declining outcomes and widening gaps to national and Core Cities? How can this support raising attainment?
- **5.2** What would further analysis of the cohort who have English as an additional language tell us about how to improve attainment for this group?
- **5.3** How do aggregated and intersectional pupil characteristics impact on attainment? How can this support raising attainment?



## **Sheffield Performance Analysis** Further Activity: 2024/2025

Raising Attainment Project:

sector partnership groups

2.3 Insight Report: 5.2 intersectionality

Attendance Project:

working group

**AP Review** 

Insight Report:

4.2 exclusions & suspensions

1.1 Partnership groups



